

COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA

DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Larry D. Saunders, Chairman Allen M. Hale, Vice-Chairman Constance Brennan, Central District Thomas D. Harvey, North District Thomas H. Bruguiere, Jr., West District

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

David Francis

Janet Turner-Giles, Chairperson Debbie Harvey, Vice-Chairperson

> David Parr Ceasar Perkins

COUNTY SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Joan Giles, Chairperson Cliff Savell, Vice-Chairperson

Connie Brennan Joe Williamson Pauline Page Diane Harvey

OTHER OFFICIALS

Michael Gamble
Judy Smythers
Anthony Martin
Jean W. Payne
Angela F. Johnson
David Brooks
Jeff Comer
Angela A. Rose
Stephen A. Carter

Judge of the Circuit Court
Clerk of the Circuit Court
Commonwealth's Attorney
Commissioner of the Revenue
Treasurer
Sheriff
Superintendent of Schools
Director of Social Services
County Administrator

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Nelson, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Nelson, Virginia, as of and for the year ended Financial June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

*Opinion*s

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Nelson, Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 22 to the financial statements, in 2015, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 4-12, 84, and 85-90 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Nelson, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Matters

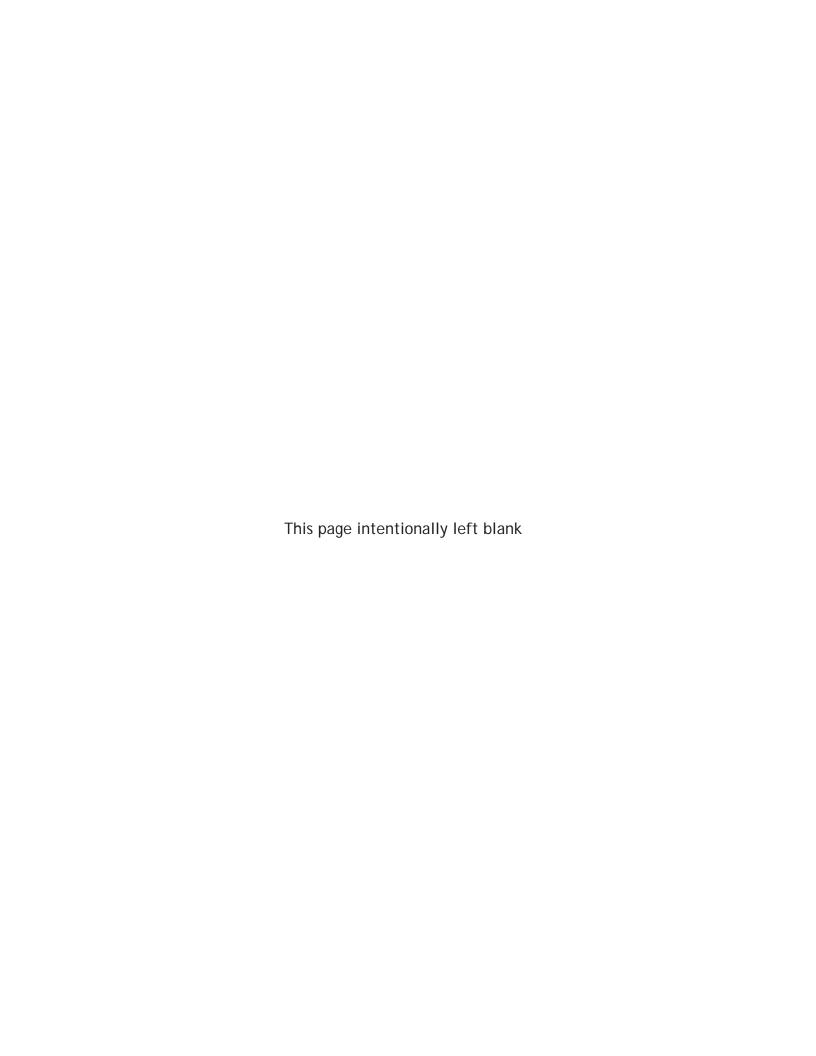
Other Information: (Continued)

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2015, on our consideration of the County of Nelson, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Nelson, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Arbinson, Famul, Ear Associats
Charlottesville, Virginia
December 28, 2015



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County of Nelson, Virginia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County of Nelson, Virginia exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$33,282,784. Of this amount, \$22,159,443 is unrestricted, and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to creditors and citizens. Of the total net position, there is \$11,081,819 invested in capital assets net of related debt (an increase of \$1,202,687 from the previous year). The School Board's net position is a deficit of \$5,303,483, of which the unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$19,844,048. (See Exhibit 1.)

The County implemented new accounting standards related to reporting net pension liability and associated measurements for the first time for the year ended June 30, 2015, as required. This resulted in a restatement of beginning net position per the Statement of Activities. However, due to the lack of available information to categorize these changes in the data presented for the prior year, the comparative tables included in this narrative do not reflect the detail of the restatement in the 2014 data. The details of the impact of this implementation are identified in Note 22 of the financial statements. The net result was a reduction in beginning net position of the Governmental Activities of \$2,590,025 and a reduction in beginning net position of the Component Unit - School Board of \$19,813,805.

The total net position of the Primary Government increased by \$3,182,564. The School Board's net position increased by \$626,027. (See Exhibit 2.) However, when comparing the individual components of net position, the Unrestricted portion of the Primary Government's net position decreased \$616,455, and the School Board's decreased by \$19,597,209. Both of these reductions were largely due to the reporting of net pension liability as noted above.

Fund Financial Statements

At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$22,421,509. (See Exhibit 3.) This amount includes taxes and accounts receivable reflected in the fiscal year 2014-15 budget. At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$23,988,684 of which \$22,421,509 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). (See Exhibit 3.)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Nelson County's basic financial statements. These statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains the required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide financial statement users with a general overview of County finances. The statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position using the accrual basis of accounting. All current year revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Both the financial overview and accrual accounting factors are used in the reporting of a private-sector business. Two financial statements are used to present this information: 1) the statement of net position and 2) the statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents all of the County's permanent accounts or assets, liabilities, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and the resulting net position. The difference between assets (including deferred outflows of resources) and liabilities (including deferred inflows of resources) is reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors will also need to be considered to determine the overall financial position of the County.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. The statement is focused on the gross and net cost of various government functions that are supported by general tax and other revenue. The statement of activities presents expenses before revenues, emphasizing that in governments, revenues are generated for the express purpose of providing services rather than as an end in themselves.

Both government-wide financial statements separate government activities and business-type activities of the County. The primary source of funding for government activities is taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Government activities include general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks, recreation and cultural, and community development. Business-type activities recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The County currently classifies the Piney River public water and sewer system and the Nelson County Broadband Authority as business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include, in addition to the primary government or County, two component units: 1) the Nelson County School Board and 2) the Nelson County Economic Development Authority. Although the component units are legally separate entities, the County is accountable or financially accountable for them. A primary government is accountable for an organization if the primary government appoints a majority of the organization's governing body. A primary government is financially accountable if, in addition, either the government is able to impose its will on the organization or the organization is capable of imposing specific financial burdens on the primary government. For example, the primary government may approve debt issuances, rate structures and/or provide significant operational funding of the component unit.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions, or services, reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas, the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided after the governmental fund balance sheet on Exhibit 4 and after the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances on Exhibit 6.

Governmental funds: (Continued)

The County maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data for other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds

There are two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds which are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and internal service funds which account for the delivery of goods and services to other departments or agencies of the government. Proprietary funds use accrual basis accounting, similar to private sector business.

The financial statements for the Piney River public water and sewer system and the Nelson County Broadband Authority are reported as enterprise funds in the County's fund financial statements. The Piney River public water and sewer system's operation provides for the delivery of public water and sewer service to County residents in designated areas of Nelson County. The Nelson County Broadband Authority operates a middle mile broadband network. The County does not have any internal service funds.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government as a trustee or agent for another organization or individual. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position (Exhibit 10). Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the funds are not available to support the County's own activities. These funds consist of the Special Welfare and EMS Loan Funds.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is needed to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

The combining statements mentioned earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented as other supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As previously noted, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the County of Nelson, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$33,282,784 at the end of the fiscal year.

The County's net position is divided into three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

County of Nelson's Net Position As of June 30, 2015

		Governmenta	I Activities	Business-type	Activities	Tota	al	
		2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	-							
Current and other assets	\$	36,595,383 \$	35,248,096 \$	755,748 \$	540,745 \$	37,351,131 \$	35,788,841	
Capital assets		30,407,581	31,273,243	7,846,636	8,146,087	38,254,217	39,419,330	
Total assets	\$	67,002,964 \$	66,521,339 \$	8,602,384 \$	8,686,832 \$	75,605,348 \$	75,208,171	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$.	790,542 \$	372,775 \$	\$	\$	790,542 \$	372,775	
Long-term liabilities	\$	29,502,784 \$	30,065,241 \$	1,087,636 \$	1,102,556 \$	30,590,420 \$	31,167,797	
Other liabilities		1,003,753	1,204,729	23,756	50,145	1,027,509	1,254,874	
Total liabilities	\$	30,506,537 \$	31,269,970 \$	1,111,392 \$	1,152,701 \$	31,617,929 \$	32,422,671	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	11,495,177 \$	10,468,030 \$	\$	\$	11,495,177 \$	10,468,030	
Net Position:								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	\$	4,322,819 \$	2,835,601 \$	6,759,000 \$	7,043,531 \$	11,081,819 \$	9,879,132	
Restricted for:								
Debt service and bond covenants	\$	- \$	- \$	41,522 \$	35,215 \$	41,522 \$	35,215	
Unrestricted		21,468,973	22,320,513	690,470	455,385	22,159,443	22,775,898	
Total net position	\$	25,791,792 \$	25,156,114 \$	7,490,992 \$	7,534,131 \$	33,282,784 \$	32,690,245	

For the County, investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), net of related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding, represents 33.3 percent of total net position. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens therefore; these assets are not available for future spending. Although, the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from assets restricted for that purpose or other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The County has restricted net position for debt service and bond covenants (\$41,522) at June 30, 2015. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, which is \$22,159,443 or 66.6 percent of total net position, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the fiscal year, the County's Primary Government is able to report a positive balance in total net position. The governmental activities reported positive balances of \$4,322,819 in net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt and \$21,468,973 in unrestricted net position. The business-type activities reported positive balances of \$6,759,000 in net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt and \$690,470 in unrestricted net position.

The government's total net position increased by \$3,182,564 during the current fiscal year (taking into consideration the restatement of beginning net position as mentioned previously), compared to an increase of \$1,264,109 in FY 2013-2014.

Government-wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)

Governmental and Business-type Activities

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$3,225,703. Business-type activities decreased the County's net position by \$43,139. Key elements of these changes are as follows:

County of Nelson's Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Governmenta	I Activities	Business-type Activities		Tota	tal	
		2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Revenues:				_				
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	934,970 \$	883,247 \$	500,091 \$	380,850 \$	1,435,061 \$	1,264,097	
Operating grants & contributions		2,868,264	2,924,866	-	-	2,868,264	2,924,866	
Capital grants & contributions		753,001	431,654	-	-	753,001	431,654	
General revenues:								
General property taxes		22,191,371	21,779,423	-	-	22,191,371	21,779,423	
Other local taxes		4,256,941	4,022,028	-	-	4,256,941	4,022,028	
Use of money and property		59,213	125,442	-	-	59,213	125,442	
Miscellaneous		71,605	80,201	-	-	71,605	80,201	
Grants and contributions								
not restricted to specific program	S	2,412,973	2,458,708	-	-	2,412,973	2,458,708	
Transfers		(140,000)	(176,035)	140,000	176,035			
Total revenues	\$	33,408,338 \$	32,529,534 \$	640,091 \$	556,885 \$	34,048,429 \$	33,086,419	
Expenses:								
General government	\$	1,931,016 \$	2,024,078 \$	- \$	- \$	1,931,016 \$	2,024,078	
Judicial administration		709,914	760,170	-	-	709,914	760,170	
Public safety		5,130,442	5,037,123	-	-	5,130,442	5,037,123	
Public works		2,051,142	2,121,760	683,230	741,324	2,734,372	2,863,084	
Health and welfare		2,366,870	2,506,489	-	-	2,366,870	2,506,489	
Education		15,784,538	16,169,175	-	-	15,784,538	16,169,175	
Parks, recreation and cultural		568,093	565,861	-	-	568,093	565,861	
Community development		773,915	928,029	-	-	773,915	928,029	
Interest on long-term debt		866,705	968,301			866,705	968,301	
Total expenses	\$	30,182,635 \$	31,080,986 \$	683,230 \$	741,324 \$	30,865,865 \$	31,822,310	
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$	3,225,703 \$	1,448,548 \$	(43,139) \$	(184,439) \$	3,182,564 \$	1,264,109	
Beginning net position, as restated		22,566,089	23,707,566	7,534,131	7,718,570	30,100,220	31,426,136	
Ending net position	\$	25,791,792 \$	25,156,114 \$	7,490,992 \$	7,534,131 \$	33,282,784 \$	32,690,245	

Note: Due to the implementation in fiscal year 2015 of Accounting Pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, beginning net position was restated for items related to net pension liability and its measurement. However, due to lack of available information to categorize these changes, comparative tables included in this discussion and analysis do not reflect this in the fiscal year 2014 data. This accounts for the tables reporting a lower restated net position as compared to the previous year's ending net position.

The statements causing this impact were GASB No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - An Amendment of Statement No. 68. These statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information about pensions are also addressed. The requirements of these statements will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions (see Note 22).

Government-wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)

- Overall revenues increased by \$962,010. The most significant increases in revenue were due to increased general property tax revenues of \$411,948 and other local taxes of \$234,913. Additionally, charges for services increased by \$170,964 as well as capital grants and contributions increased by \$321,347. These increases in revenues were offset by a reduction of \$177,162 in other categories of revenues, primarily due to fluctuations in certain grants and contributions.
- Overall grants and contributions reflect a net increase of \$219,010. The most significant factor in this increase is the County received \$422,447 more in federal Transportation Enhancement Act grant funds for the Crozet Tunnel and Blue Ridge Trail capital projects in FY15 than it did in FY14. The County had received \$98,400 in state grants for the trail in FY14 that it did not receive in FY15.
- The revenues from general property taxes increased by \$411,948 primarily due to an increase in the personal property tax rate for 2014. The real property tax rate also increased but is mitigated by the reduction in 2014 real property values as established by the reassessment.
- The revenues from other local taxes increased by \$234,913. This is due to increases in local sales and use taxes in the amount of \$66,359 and increases in motor vehicle license fees of \$24,366. Additionally, revenue from meals tax increased by \$96,759 and transient occupancy tax increased by \$97,126. These increases were offset by a reduction of \$65,831 in revenue from taxes on recordation and wills.
- The revenues from charges for services increased by \$170,964. Of this amount, \$51,723 is attributable to governmental activities and \$119,241 is attributable to business-type activities. Within governmental activities, the most significant factor is the increase of \$101,067 in permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses (in particular, land use application fees increased by \$64,614 and building permits increased by \$36,875) and an increase of \$19,092 in other charges for services, in particular charges for sanitation and waste removal. These increases were offset by a decrease of \$68,436 in court fines and forfeitures. Within business-type activities, the most significant factor is an increase of \$79,625 from the operation of the broadband network. FY2014-2015 is the second full year of operation for the network. Within business-type activities, the balance of the increase in the amount of \$39,616 is relative to water and sewer revenues from the Piney River system.
- Expenses reflected an overall net decrease of \$956,445. Of this amount, expense from governmental activities decreased by \$898,351 and business-type activities decreased by \$58,094.
- All areas of expenses for governmental activities reflected reductions with the exception of public safety and recreation with respective increases of \$93,319 and \$2,232. The most significant categories of reduction include Health and Welfare with a decrease of \$139,619, education with a decrease of \$384,637 and a decrease of community development expense in the amount of \$154,114. It is also pertinent to note the reduction of interest expense relative to long term debt in the amount of \$101,596.
- The education function reported a decrease in expenditures of \$384,637 which is mainly attributable to budgeted funds that remained unexpended at the end of FY2014-2015.
- The business activities reported a decrease in operational expenses of \$58,094. Of this amount a reduction of \$11,631 is attributable to the Piney River water and sewer operations and a reduction of \$46,463 is attributable to the Nelson County broadband network which had its second full year of operation in FY2014-2015.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of financial resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$23,988,684, an increase of \$1,718,540 from the prior year. Approximately, 93.5 percent of this total amount constitutes the unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is classified to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is constrained as follows:

- Nonspendable fund balance of \$33,577
- Restricted fund balance of \$8,266
- Committed fund balance of \$1,525,332

Details of these classifications can be found in Note 1 (0) of these financial statements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. As of June 30, 2015, total fund balance of the general fund was \$22,638,607, of which \$22,421,509 was unassigned. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 77.3 percent of total general fund expenditures which includes transfers to the School Board component unit of \$14,295,439. Total fund balance represents 78.1 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the County's general fund increased by \$2,130,771 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Overall General Fund revenues increased by \$1,089,883. Local revenues increased by \$868,173 of which \$803,091 can be attributed to general property taxes and other local taxes. Federal revenues also increased by \$362,033. These increases are offset by decreased state revenues in the amount of \$140,323.
- However, expenditures decreased by \$1,128,379. The decreased expenditures are attributable primarily to decreases in public safety expenditures (\$122,708), education expenditures (\$241,635), public works expenditures (\$221,686) and capital projects expense (\$422,686).
- Transfers out for debt service and support of business-type activities (broadband network and Piney River water and sewer) decreased by \$97,783 in FY2014-2015. Transfers in decreased by \$350,000. In FY2013-2014, \$350,000 was transferred in from the Capital Fund for school buses and other miscellaneous capital projects. There were no transfers into the General Fund during FY2014-2015.

Proprietary funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Piney River Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year was \$133,598. This is an increase from the prior year of \$48,724.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds: (Continued)

Unrestricted net position of the Broadband Authority at the end of the fiscal year was \$556,872 as compared to \$370,511 in the prior year, for an increase of \$186,361. This is primarily attributable to growth in the subscriber base during the network's second full year of operation.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final amended budgeted appropriations for the General Fund were \$402,021 more than the original budgeted expenditure appropriations, which is 1.3 percent of the total original budget, and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- A supplemental appropriation was approved for the Crozet Tunnel project in the amount of \$284,589. The appropriation was supported with grant funding.
- Supplemental appropriations to the Sheriff's department were approved in the amount of \$55,621 for expenditure of both state and federal asset forfeiture receipts. A supplemental appropriation of \$16,889 was also approved for expenditure of a grant from the Division of Motor Vehicles to provide selective alcohol law enforcement patrols.
- The Board approved various other supplemental appropriations. Refer to Schedule 2 for details of the increases and decreases by department.
- Contingency reserves also provided for various transfers within the General Fund appropriated budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2015 is \$30,407,581 (net of accumulated depreciation and is a decrease of \$865,662 from the previous fiscal year). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress.

County of Nelson, Virginia Capital Assets for Governmental Activities (net of depreciation)

	_	Governmer	ıta	I Activities	_	Business-ty	/pe	Activities	Total			
	-	2015		2014		2015	-	2014	2015	•	2014	
Land	\$	693,157	\$	573,234	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$ 733,157	\$	613,234	
Infrastructure		-		-		4,915,115		5,103,217	4,915,115		5,103,217	
Buildings and improvements		23,655,167		25,572,161		-		-	23,655,167		25,572,161	
Machinery and equipment		4,215,422		1,986,269		2,891,521		3,002,870	7,106,943		4,989,139	
Construction in progress		1,843,835		3,141,579		-		-	1,843,835		3,141,579	
Total	\$	30,407,581	\$	31,273,243	\$	7,846,636	\$	8,146,087	\$ 38,254,217	\$	39,419,330	

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration: (Continued)

Long-term debt

At the end of the fiscal year the County had the following outstanding loans and bonded indebtedness:

County of Nelson's Outstanding Debt For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Governmenta	I Activities	Business-type	e Activities	Total			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Lease Revenue Refunding	\$ 8,565,000 \$	9,045,000 \$	- \$	- \$	8,565,000 \$	9,045,000		
General Obligation Bonds	8,240,000	8,940,000	-	-	8,240,000	8,940,000		
Revenue Bonds	1,935,000	2,360,000	1,102,556	1,087,636	3,037,556	3,447,636		
Refunding Revenue Bonds	6,200,000	6,740,000	-	-	6,200,000	6,740,000		
Retirement Incentive Loan	185,640	239,824	-	-	185,640	239,824		
Total	\$ 25,125,640 \$	27,324,824 \$	1,102,556 \$	1,087,636 \$	26,228,196 \$	28,412,460		

All debt reported by the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board, has been assumed by the Primary Government as required by Section 15.2-1800.1, <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt, including other long-term obligations such as compensated absences, other post-employment benefits and net pension liability, can be found in Notes 7-10, in the notes of the financial statements.

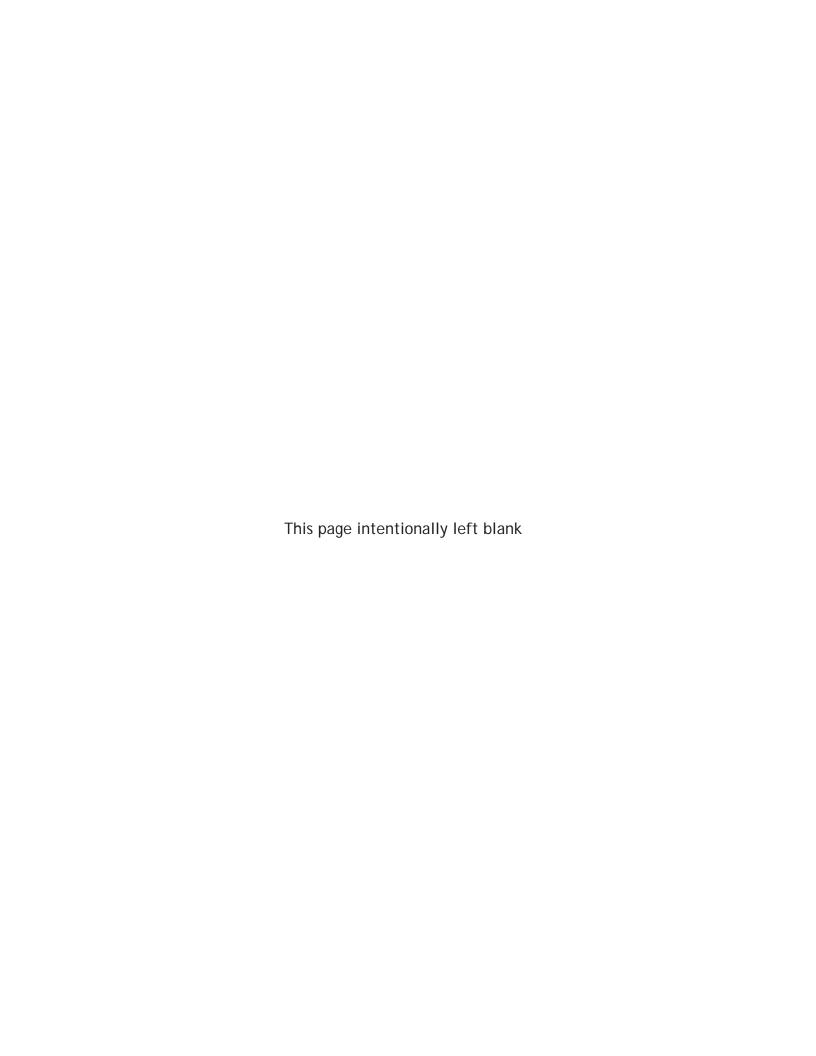
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

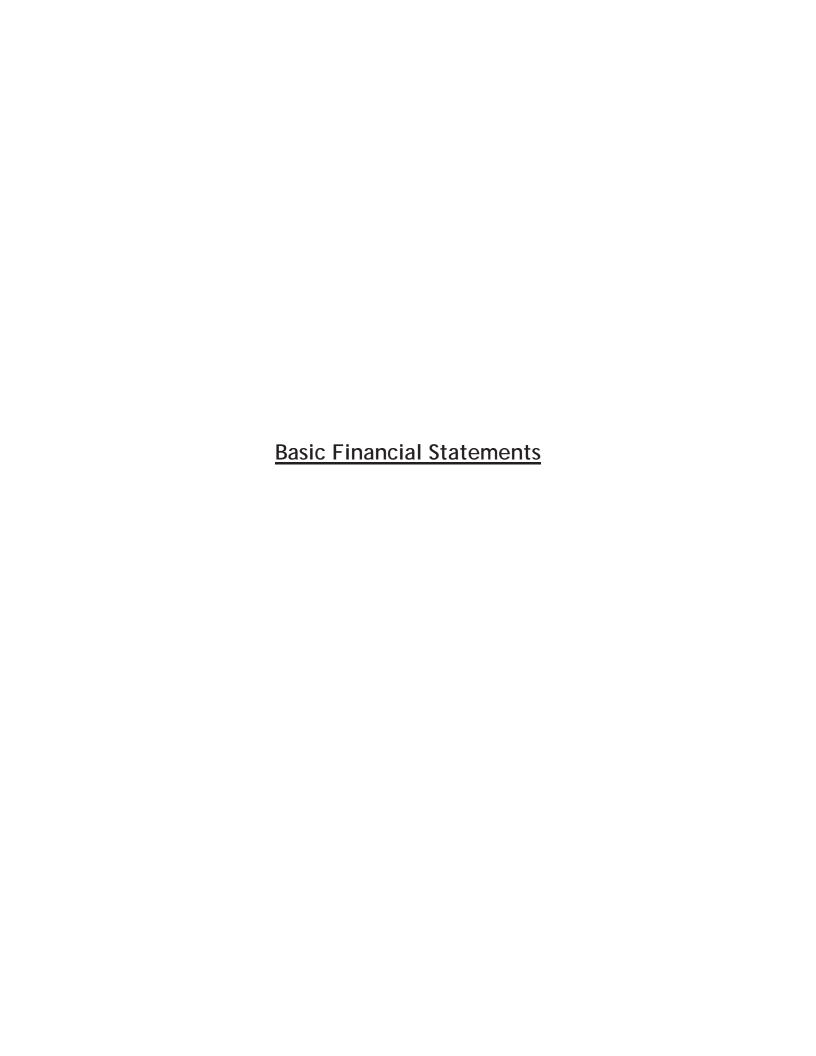
- The unemployment rate for the County was 4.5 percent (June 2015), which is a decrease from the rate of 5.0 percent a year ago (June 2014). This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 5.0 percent (June 2015) and the national average rate of 5.5 percent (June 2015). These rates were obtained from the Virginia Employment Commission's Labor Market Data.
- Due to current housing market conditions, the County incurred an increase in building permit fees of 34% for FY14-15, whereas in recent previous years the County had seen steady declines in similar fees. The County does anticipate slow recovery of the housing market but does not expect to generate building permit fees at the level realized in fiscal year 2007-2008. Recordation taxes, also impacted by housing market conditions, remain fairly level with the exception of an unusually large transaction in Fiscal Year 2013-2014.
- The County anticipates some reductions in state aid to localities at least in the next fiscal year due to shortfalls in projected state revenues. The reduction in Fiscal Year 2014-2015 is was \$29,697 with a similar reduction anticipated in Fiscal Year 2015-2016.
- A property reassessment effective for 2014 has been completed and reflects an 18.6% decline in property values. Tax rates for both real estate and personal property were adjusted to compensate for this decline in real property values.

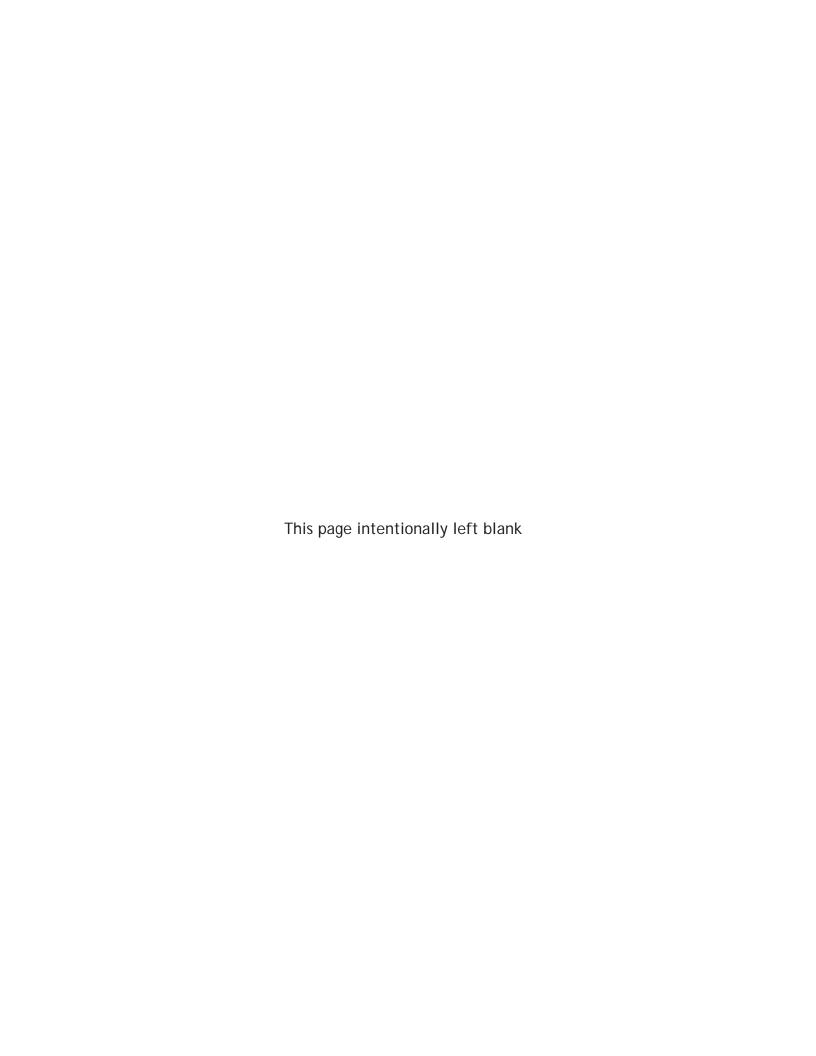
All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2015-2016 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide readers with a general overview of the County of Nelson's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the County Administrator, County of Nelson, Post Office Box 336, Lovingston, Virginia 22949.









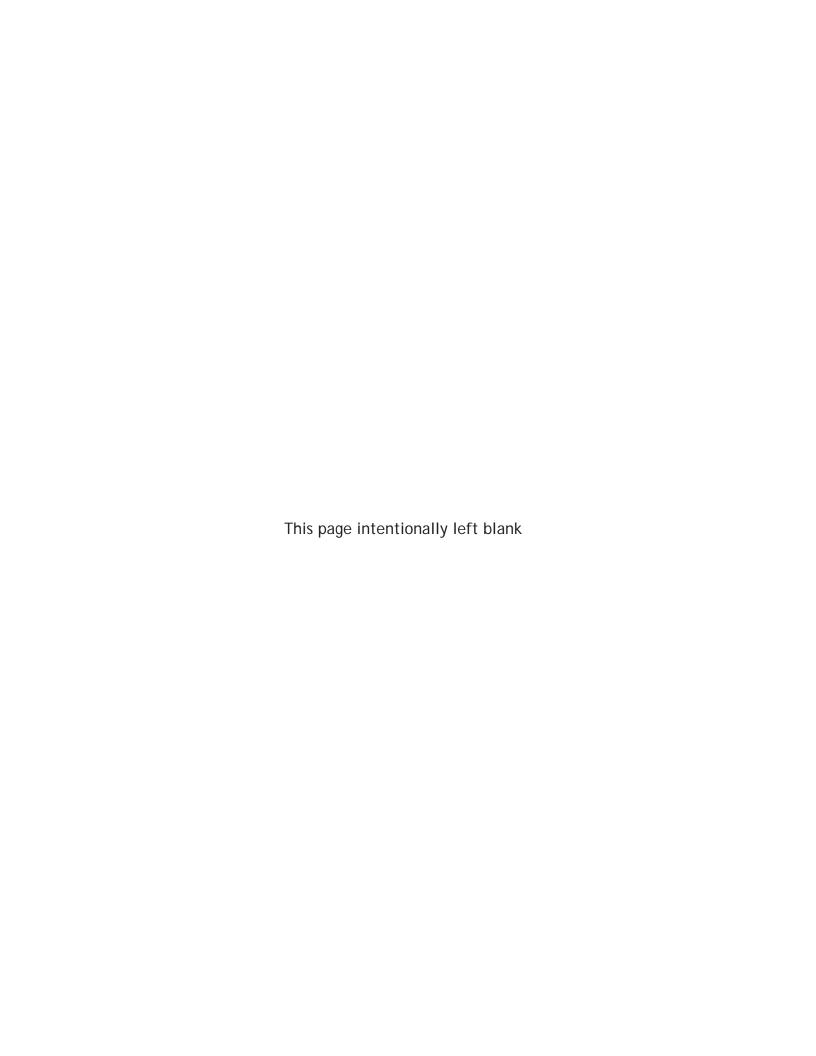


Exhibit 1

								Componen	t Units
							_		Economic
		Governmental		Business-type				School	Development
	_	Activities		Activities	_	Total		Board	Authority
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,860,717	\$	552,336		22,413,053	\$	1,293,043 \$	39,527
Restricted cash	Ψ	-	Ψ	41,522		41,522	Ψ	-	07,027
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				41,522		41,522			
Taxes receivable		12,199,420		_		12,199,420		_	_
Accounts receivable		357,000		50,843		407,843		103,238	67,200
Notes receivable		337,000		30,043		407,043		103,230	128,000
Connection fees receivable		-		111,047		111,047		-	120,000
Due from component unit		564,135		111,047		564,135		-	
·				-				- E21 E04	•
Due from other governmental units		1,580,534		-		1,580,534		531,584	-
Inventories		-		-		-		41,718	-
Prepaid items		33,577		-		33,577		18,175	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):									
Land and improvements		693,157		40,000		733,157		851,210	-
Buildings and improvements		23,655,167		-		23,655,167		14,185,113	-
Infrastructure and equipment		-		7,806,636		7,806,636		-	-
Machinery and equipment		4,215,422		-		4,215,422		1,465,768	-
Construction in progress		1,843,835		-		1,843,835		-	-
				0.400.004	_			10, 100, 010, 0	004.707
Total assets	\$	67,002,964	_ > -	8,602,384	»	75,605,348	- > _	18,489,849 \$	234,727
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred amount on refunding	\$	326,459	\$	-	\$	326,459	\$	- \$	-
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		464,083		-		464,083		2,312,838	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	790,542	\$		\$	790,542	\$_	2,312,838 \$	-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	67,793,506	\$	8,602,384	\$	76,395,890	\$	20,802,687 \$	234,727
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	497,554	¢	20,875	¢	518,429	\$	107,058 \$	12,462
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	477,554	Ψ	20,073	Ψ	310,427	Ψ	825,145	12,402
Amounts held for others		85,688				85,688		023,143	
				2 001				-	-
Accrued interest payable		379,444		2,881		382,325			-
Due to primary government		-		-				564,135	-
Unearned revenue		41,067		-		41,067		-	-
Long-term liabilities:									
Due within one year		2,500,143		15,583		2,515,726		144,259	-
Due in more than one year	-	27,002,641		1,072,053		28,074,694		21,337,135	-
Total liabilities	\$	30,506,537	_\$_	1,111,392	\$	31,617,929	\$_	22,977,732 \$	12,462
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred revenue - taxes	\$	10,536,302	\$	-	\$	10,536,302	\$	- \$	-
Items related to measurement of net pension liability		958,875		-		958,875		3,128,438	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	11,495,177	_\$_		\$	11,495,177	\$_	3,128,438 \$	
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,322,819	\$	6,759,000	\$	11,081,819	\$	14,540,565 \$	_
Restricted:	Ψ	1,022,017	Ψ	0,707,000	Ψ	11,001,017	Ψ	11,010,000 φ	
Debt service and bond covenants				41 522		41 522			
		- 21 469 072		41,522		41,522		(10 044 040)	222,265
Unrestricted (deficit)	-	21,468,973		690,470	-	22,159,443		(19,844,048)	222,203
Total net position	\$	25,791,792	\$	7,490,992	\$	33,282,784	\$_	(5,303,483) \$	222,265
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net									
position	\$	67,793,506	\$	8,602,384	\$	76,395,890	\$	20,802,687 \$	234,727
	٠.		=					. , , , , , ,	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

			_	Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs		Expenses	- -	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:											
Governmental activities:											
General government administration	\$	1,931,016	\$	-	\$	207,704	\$	-			
Judicial administration		709,914		387,298		439,826		-			
Public safety		5,130,442		296,601		950,410		-			
Public works		2,051,142		194,609		8,528		-			
Health and welfare		2,366,870		-		1,256,796		-			
Education		15,784,538		-		-		-			
Parks, recreation, and cultural		568,093		56,038		5,000		-			
Community development		773,915		424		-		753,001			
Interest on long-term debt		866,705		-		-		-			
Total governmental activities	\$	30,182,635	\$	934,970	\$	2,868,264	\$	753,001			
Business-type activities:											
Piney River Water & Sewer		346,611		188,460		-		-			
Nelson County Broadband Authority	_	336,619		311,631	_	-					
Total primary government	\$_	30,865,865	\$	1,435,061	\$	2,868,264	\$	753,001			
COMPONENT UNITS:											
School Board	\$	25,491,339	\$	431,808	\$	10,065,602	\$	-			
Nelson County Economic Development Authority	_	18,460		8,339	_	-					
Total component units	\$_	25,509,799	\$	440,147	\$	10,065,602	\$	-			

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use taxes

Consumers' utility taxes

Meals taxes

Transient occupancy tax

Motor vehicle licenses

Other local taxes

Payment from County of Nelson

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

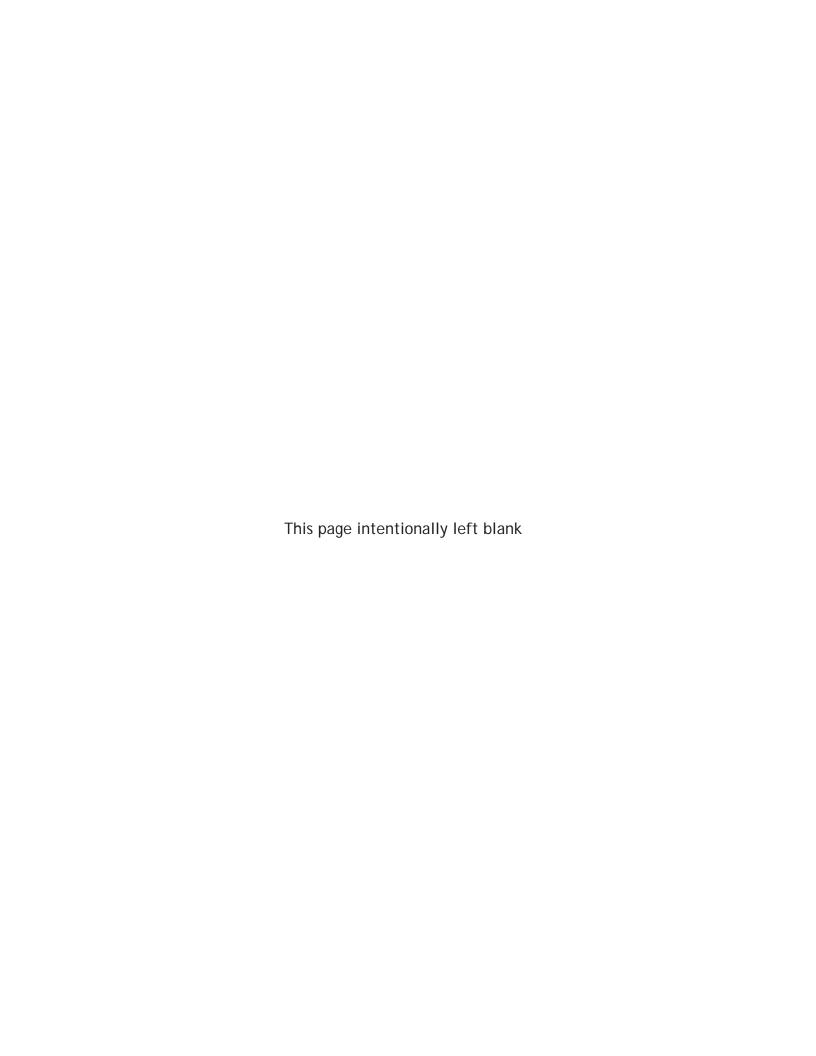
Net position - beginning, as restated

Net position - ending

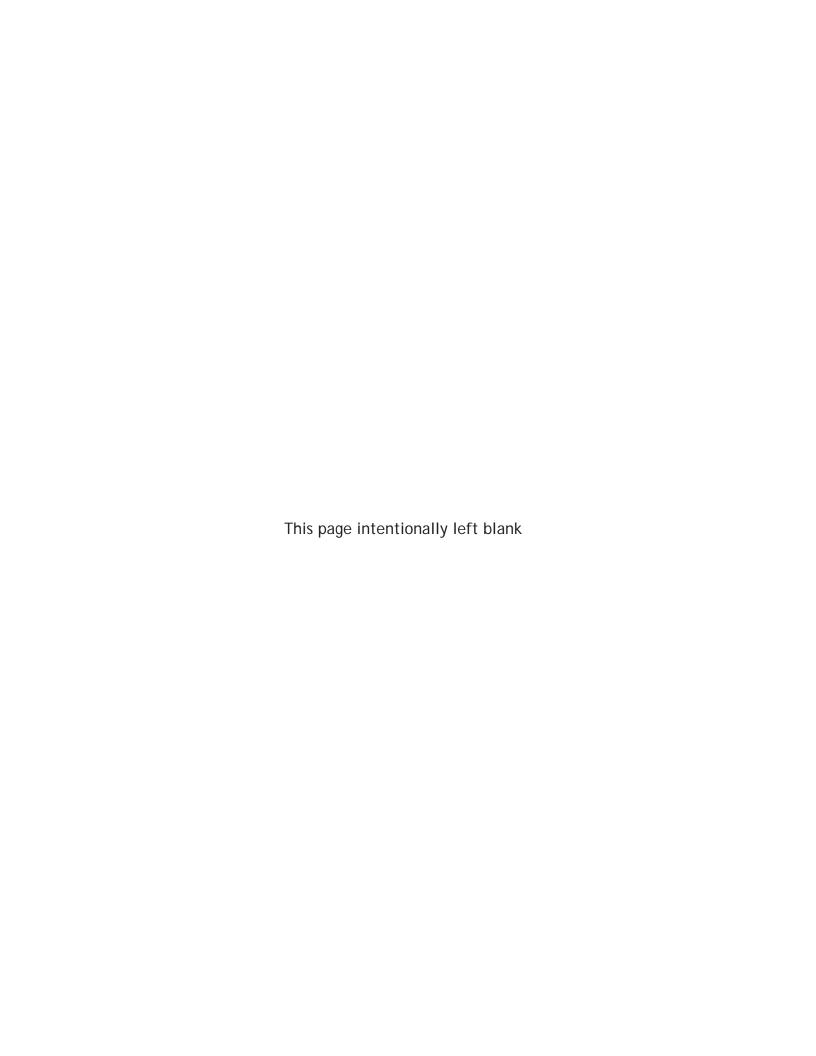
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Pr	imary Governme		Component Units							
-	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	_	School Board	Economic Development Authority					
\$	(1,723,312) \$	-	\$ (1,723,312)								
	117,210	-	117,210								
	(3,883,431)	-	(3,883,431)								
	(1,848,005)	-	(1,848,005)								
	(1,110,074)	-	(1,110,074)								
	(15,784,538)	-	(15,784,538)								
	(507,055)	-	(507,055)								
	(20,490)	-	(20,490)								
	(866,705)	-	(866,705)								
\$	(25,626,400)	-	\$ (25,626,400)								
	_	(158,151)	(158,151)								
-		(24,988)	(24,988)								
\$	(25,626,400)	(183,139)	\$ (25,809,539)								
				\$	(14,993,929) \$	-					
				_	-	(10,121)					
				\$_	(14,993,929)	(10,121)					
\$	22,191,371 \$	-	\$ 22,191,371	\$	- \$	-					
	1,125,811	-	1,125,811		-	-					
	471,128	-	471,128		-	-					
	976,490	-	976,490		-	-					
	514,579	-	514,579		-	-					
	716,630	-	716,630		-	-					
	452,303	-	452,303		-	-					
	-	-	-		15,330,439	10,000					
	59,213	-	59,213		24	8,970					
	71,605	-	71,605		289,493	-					
	2,412,973	-	2,412,973		-	-					
-	(140,000)	140,000		_							
\$_	28,852,103	140,000	\$ 28,992,103	\$_	15,619,956	18,970					
\$	3,225,703 \$	(43,139)	\$ 3,182,564	\$	626,027 \$	8,849					
-	22,566,089	7,534,131	30,100,220		(5,929,510)	213,416					
\$	25,791,792 \$	7,490,992	\$ 33,282,784	\$	(5,303,483)	222,265					







Balance Sheet Governmental Funds At June 30, 2015

	_	General Fund		Debt Service Fund	_	Capital Projects Fund	(Other Governmental Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,416,834	\$	191,486	\$	1,252,347	\$	50 \$	\$	21,860,717
Receivables (net of allowance):										
Property taxes receivable, net		12,199,420		-		-		-		12,199,420
Accounts receivable		357,000		-		-		-		357,000
Due from other governmental units		564,135		-		-		-		564,135
Due from other governmental units Prepaid items		1,580,534 33,577		-		-		-		1,580,534 33,577
Prepaid Items	_	33,377		-	_		-		_	33,377
Total assets	\$	35,151,500	\$	191,486	\$	1,252,347	\$_	50	\$_	36,595,383
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	403,748	\$	-	\$	93,806	\$	- 5	\$	497,554
Amounts held for others		85,688		-		-		-		85,688
Unearned revenue	_	41,067		-	_	-		-	_	41,067
Total liabilities	\$	530,503	\$_	-	\$	93,806	\$_		\$	624,309
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes	\$	232,771	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 5	\$	232,771
Unavailable revenue - taxes	_	11,749,619		-	_	-				11,749,619
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	11,982,390	\$_	-	\$	-	\$_		\$	11,982,390
Fund balance										
Nonspendable	\$	33,577	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 5	\$	33,577
Restricted		-		8,266		-		-		8,266
Committed		183,521		183,220		1,158,541		50		1,525,332
Unassigned	_	22,421,509		-	_	-		-	_	22,421,509
Total fund balances	\$	22,638,607	\$_	191,486	\$	1,158,541	\$_	50	\$	23,988,684
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	35,151,500	\$	191,486	\$	1,252,347	\$	50	\$_	36,595,383

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

25,791,792

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position At June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:							
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$	5	23,988,684			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.							
Land and improvements	\$	693,157					
Construction in progress		1,843,835					
Buildings and improvements, net of depreciation		10,907,543					
Equipment, net of depreciation		4,215,422					
School Board capital assets, net of depreciation	_	12,747,624		30,407,581			
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	1,446,088					
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	_	(958,875)		487,213			
Long-term liabilities and related interest are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.							
Accrued interest on debt	\$	(379,444)					
Bonds, notes and capital leases payable		(24,940,000)					
Bond premiums		(1,144,762)					
Deferred charge on refunding		326,459					
Early retirement incentive obligation		(185,640)					
Net pension liability		(1,854,745)					
Net OPEB obligation		(24,890)					
Compensated absences		(316,096)					
Accrued landfill remediation costs	_	(1,036,651)	(29,555,769)			
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.							
pension hability in the flext fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the	unc	is.		464,083			
				.5.,550			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenuers Second property taxes \$ 22,462,776 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		_	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
General property taxes \$2,246,2776 \$ \$ \$2,246,2776 \$ \$ 4,256,941 \$ \$ 4,256,941 \$ \$ 4,256,941 \$ \$ 4,256,941 \$ \$ 4,256,941 \$ \$ 4,256,941 \$ \$ \$ 289,183 \$ \$ \$ 289,183 \$ \$ \$ 289,183 \$ \$ \$ 289,183 \$ \$ \$ 289,183 \$ \$ \$ 267,800 \$ <t< td=""><td>Revenues</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Revenues						
Pequalatory Icenses 289, 183	General property taxes Other local taxes	\$		- \$	- -	\$ - 9	
Second From the use of money Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of money and property			200 102				200 102
Revenue from the use of money and property 59,159 54 59,279 And property 77,605 0 0 77,095 Miscellaneous 71,605 0 0 770,005 Recovered costs 709,650 0 0 709,650 Intergovernmental: 80,000 0 0 709,650 Revenue from the Commonwealth 4,640,726 0 0 4,640,726 Revenue from the Federal Government 1,393,512 0 0 1,393,512 Total revenues \$34,529,339 \$54 \$3 \$3,529,339 Total revenues \$34,529,339 \$5 \$5 \$3,635,293 Corrent Expenditures Current Corrent Current Current Current Current Current Current Current Current Cu	o o			-	-	-	
and property 59, 159 54 59, 213 Charges for services 277, 927 - - 277, 907 Miscellaneous 71,605 - - 716,05 Recovered costs 109,650 - - 709,650 Intergovernmental - - - 709,650 Intergovernmental - - - - 4,640,726 Revenue from the Commonwealth - - - - 1,393,512 Total revenues - - - - - - 1,393,512 Current: - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <			307,000	-	-	-	307,000
Charges for services 277, 927 . . 277, 927 Miscellaneous 71,605 . . 710,605 Recovered costs 709,650 . . 709,650 Intergovernmental: . . . 709,650 Revenue from the Commonwealth 4,640,726 . . 4,440,726 Revenue from the Federal Government 1,393,512 . . . 3,4529,339 Total revenues \$ 34,529,339 . \$ 54 \$ 3,4529,339 Expenditures Current Cerearil government administration \$ 1,633,671 . . \$ 1,633,671 Judicial administration 731,991 . . . 731,991 Public safety 4,715,943 . . . 1,715,943 Public safety 1,835,938 . . . 1,835,938 Health and welfare 2,502,319 			59 159	_	54	_	59 213
Nice Intergover content Commonweal th Revenue from the Commonweal th Revenue from the Commonweal th Revenue from the Ederal Government 1,393,512 1,404,726 1,393,512 1,393,512 1,393,512 1,393,512				_	-	_	
Recovered costs 1709,650	· ·			_	_	_	
Revenue from the Commonwealth 4,640,726				_	-	_	
Revenue from the Commonwealth Revenue from the Federal Government 4,640,726 - - 4,640,726 - 1,393,512 - - 4,640,726 - 3,4529,339 - 5 4 - 3,4529,339 - 5 4 - 3,4529,339 - 5 4 - 3,4529,339 - 5 4 - 3,4529,339 - 5 4 - 3,4529,339 - 5 4 - 3,4529,339 - - 5 4 - 3,4529,339 - - 5 4 - 3,4529,339 - - - - 3,4529,339 - - - - 1,633,671 - - - 1,633,671 - - - 1,633,671 - - - 1,633,671 - - - 1,633,671 - - - 1,633,671 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			,				,
Revenue from the Federal Government 1,933,512 - - 1,339,512 Total revenues \$ 34,529,339 \$ 54 \$ 34,529,393 Expenditures Current: S General government administration \$ 1,633,671 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			4,640,726	-	-	-	4,640,726
Expenditures Current: General government administration \$1,633,671 \$	Revenue from the Federal Government						1,393,512
Current: General government administration 1,633,671 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 781,693,991 Judicial administration 731,991 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 781,991 Public safety 4,715,943 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Total revenues	\$	34,529,339 \$	\$	54	\$	34,529,393
Current: General government administration 1,633,671 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 781,693,991 Judicial administration 731,991 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 781,991 Public safety 4,715,943 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Expenditures						
Dudicial administration 731,991 -							
Public safety 4,715,943 - - 4,715,943 Public works 1,835,938 - - 1,835,938 Health and welfare 2,502,319 - - 2,502,319 Education 14,298,039 - - - 14,298,039 Parks, recreation, and cultural 468,588 - - - 468,588 Community development 771,534 - - - 771,534 Nondepartmental 84,208 - - - 84,208 Capital projects 1,949,777 - 418,536 - 2,368,313 Debt service: - - 1,061,125 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - 1,061,125 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - 1,061,125 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - 2,326,333 3,260,309 418,536 - 32,670,853 Excess (de	General government administration	\$	1,633,671 \$	- \$	-	\$ - 9	1,633,671
Public works 1,835,938 - - 1,835,938 Health and welfare 2,502,319 - - 2,502,319 Education 14,298,039 - - - 14,298,039 Parks, recreation, and cultural 468,588 - - - 468,588 Community development 771,534 - - - 771,534 Nondepartmental 84,208 - - - 84,208 Capital projects 1,949,777 - 418,536 - 2,368,313 Debt service: - - - 2,199,184 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - - 1,061,125 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - 1,061,125 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - 1,061,125 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - 3,260,309 418,536 - 32,670,	Judicial administration		731,991	-	-	-	731,991
Health and welfare	Public safety		4,715,943	-	-	-	4,715,943
Education 14,298,039 - - - 14,298,039 Parks, recreation, and cultural 468,588 - - - 468,588 Community development 771,534 - - - - 771,534 Nondepartmental 84,208 - - - 418,536 - 2,368,313 Capital projects 1,949,777 - - 418,536 - 2,368,313 Debt service: Principal retirement - 2,199,184 - - 2,199,184 - - 2,199,184 - - 1,061,125 - 1,061,125 Principal retirement interest and other fiscal charges - 2,8992,008 3,260,309 418,536 - 32,670,853 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 28,992,008 3,260,309 418,536 - 32,670,853 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 3,266,560 3,266,560 - 3,266,560 Other financing sources (uses) 3,266,560 - 3,266,560 Transfers in 3,406,560 3,266,560 - - 3,266,560 Total other financing sources (uses) 3,406,560 - - 3,266,560 Net change in fund balances 2,130,771 3,266,560 - -	Public works			-	-	-	
Parks, recreation, and cultural 468,588 - - - 468,588 Community development 771,534 - - 771,534 Nondepartmental 84,208 - - - 84,208 Capital projects 1,949,777 - 418,536 - 2,368,313 Debt service: Principal retirement - 2,199,184 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - 1,061,125 - - 1,061,125 Total expenditures \$ 28,992,008 3,260,309 418,536 - \$ 32,670,853 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 5,537,331 (3,260,309) (418,482) - \$ 1,858,540 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in \$ - \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ \$ 3,266,560 Transfers out (3,406,560) - - - (3,406,560) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) 3,266,560 - - \$ (140,000)	Health and welfare		2,502,319	-	-	-	
Community development 771,534 - - 771,534 Nondepartmental 84,208 - - - 84,208 Capital projects 1,949,777 - 418,536 - 2,368,313 Debt service: Principal retirement - 2,199,184 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - 1,061,125 - - 1,061,125 Total expenditures \$ 28,992,008 3,260,309 \$ 418,536 - \$ 32,670,853 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 5,537,331 (3,260,309) (418,482) - \$ 1,858,540 Other financing sources (uses) \$ 5,537,331 (3,260,309) (418,482) - \$ 3,266,560 Transfers in Transfers out (3,406,560) \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ 3,266,560 Total other financing sources (uses) (3,406,560) \$ - \$ - \$ (140,000) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 (418,482) - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning				-	-	-	
Nondepartmental 84,208 - - - 84,208 Capital projects 1,949,777 - 418,536 - 2,368,313 Debt service: Principal retirement - 2,199,184 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - 1,061,125 - - 1,061,125 Total expenditures \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,260,309 \$ 418,536 - \$ 32,670,853 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 5,537,331 (3,260,309) (418,482) - \$ 1,858,540 Other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ 3,266,560 - \$ - \$ 3,266,560 Transfers in \$ - \$ 3,266,560 - \$ - \$ 3,266,560 Transfers out (3,406,560) - - - (3,406,560) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 3,266,560 - \$ - \$ (140,000) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 \$ (418,482) - \$ 1,718,540				-	-	-	
Capital projects 1,949,777 - 418,536 - 2,368,313 Debt service: Principal retirement - 2,199,184 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - 1,061,125 - - 1,061,125 Total expenditures \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,260,309 \$ 418,536 - \$ 32,670,853 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 5,537,331 (3,260,309) (418,482) - \$ 1,858,540 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in \$ 3,266,560 - - - \$ 3,266,560 Transfers out (3,406,560) - - - (3,406,560) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 3,266,560 - - - (3,406,560) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 6,251 \$ (418,482) - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144	Community development		771,534	-	-	-	771,534
Debt service: Principal retirement - 2,199,184 - - 2,199,184 Interest and other fiscal charges - 1,061,125 - - 1,061,125 Total expenditures \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,260,309 \$ 418,536 - \$ 32,670,853 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 5,537,331 (3,260,309) (418,482) - \$ 1,858,540 Other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ 3,266,560 Transfers out (3,406,560) - - - (3,406,560) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 3,266,560 - - - (140,000) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 \$ (418,482) - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144			84,208	-	-	-	84,208
Interest and other fiscal charges - 1,061,125 - - 1,061,125 Total expenditures \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,260,309 \$ 418,536 - \$ 32,670,853 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 5,537,331 \$ (3,260,309) \$ (418,482) - \$ 1,858,540 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in \$ - \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ - \$ 3,266,560 Transfers out (3,406,560) - - - - (3,406,560) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ - \$ (140,000) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 \$ (418,482) - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144			1,949,777	-	418,536	-	2,368,313
Total expenditures \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,260,309 \$ 418,536 \$ - \$ 32,670,853 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 5,537,331 \$ (3,260,309) \$ (418,482) \$ - \$ 1,858,540 Other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ - \$ 3,266,560 Transfers out (3,406,560) \$ (3,406,560) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ - \$ (140,000) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 \$ (418,482) \$ - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144	Principal retirement		-		-	-	2,199,184
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 5,537,331 \$ (3,260,309) \$ (418,482) \$ - \$ 1,858,540 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in \$ - \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ - \$ 3,266,560 Transfers out (3,406,560) (3,406,560) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ - \$ (140,000) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 \$ (418,482) \$ - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144	Interest and other fiscal charges			1,061,125			1,061,125
(under) expenditures \$ 5,537,331 \$ (3,260,309) \$ (418,482) - \$ 1,858,540 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out \$ - \$ 3,266,560 - \$ - \$ 3,266,560 Transfers out (3,406,560) (3,406,560) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 3,266,560 - \$ - \$ (140,000) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 \$ (418,482) - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144	Total expenditures	\$	28,992,008 \$	3,260,309 \$	418,536	\$	32,670,853
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out \$ - \$ 3,266,560 - \$ - \$ 3,266,560 Transfers out (3,406,560) (3,406,560) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ (140,000) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 \$ (418,482) - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144							
Transfers in Transfers out \$ - \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ 3,266,560 Transfers out (3,406,560) (3,406,560) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ - \$ (140,000) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 \$ (418,482) \$ - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144	(under) expenditures	\$	5,537,331 \$	(3,260,309) \$	(418,482)	\$	1,858,540
Transfers out (3,406,560) - - - - (3,406,560) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ - \$ (140,000) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 \$ (418,482) \$ - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144	Other financing sources (uses)						
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,406,560) \$ \$ 3,266,560 \$ - \$ - \$ (140,000) Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 \$ \$ (418,482) \$ - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144	Transfers in	\$		3,266,560 \$	-	\$ - 5	3,266,560
Net change in fund balances \$ 2,130,771 \$ 6,251 \$ (418,482) \$ - \$ 1,718,540 Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144	Transfers out		(3,406,560)				(3,406,560)
Fund balance, beginning of year 20,507,836 185,235 1,577,023 50 22,270,144	Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(3,406,560) \$	3,266,560 \$		\$	(140,000)
	Net change in fund balances	\$	2,130,771 \$	6,251 \$	(418,482)	\$ - 5	1,718,540
Fund balance, end of year \$\text{22,638,607} \\$\text{191,486} \\$\text{1,158,541} \\$\text{50} \\$\text{23,988,684}	Fund balance, beginning of year		20,507,836	185,235	1,577,023	50	22,270,144
	Fund balance, end of year	\$	22,638,607 \$	191,486 \$	1,158,541	\$ 50	23,988,684

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			-
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are diffe	ren	t because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - Exhibit 5		\$	1,718,540
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		2 000 472	
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense	\$ 	2,009,673 (1,790,338)	219,335
Governmental funds do not report capital assets or the related accumulated depreciation; therefore, no loss is recognized when a net capital asset is retired. A loss on retirement is recorded in the statement of activities.			(49,997)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit School Board			(1,035,000)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Unearned revenue - property taxes (Increase) decrease in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net	\$	(271,405)	
pension liability	_	(958,875)	(1,230,280)
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Increase in landfill liability	\$	(15,320)	
Repayments: Lease revenue refunding bonds		480,000	
Less: Amortization of deferred charge on refunding		(46,316)	
General obligation school bonds		700,000	
Plus: Amortization of issuance premium		42,578	
Lease revenue bonds		425,000	
Plus: Amortization of issuance premium		42,566	
Infrastructure revenue bonds Plus: Amortization of issuance premium		540,000 122,736	
Early retirement incentive obligation		54,184	
Net adjustment		01/101	2,345,428
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Compensated absences	\$	26,400	
Net OPEB obligation		(942)	
Decrease (increase) in net pension liability		1,227,423	
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows related to pension payments			
subsequent to the measurement date		(28,060)	
Accrued interest payable	_	32,856	1,257,677
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$_	3,225,703

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds At June 30, 2015

		Business-Ty	ре	Activities - En	terp	orise Funds
	-	Piney River		Nelson County		
		Water &		Broadband		
	_	Sewer Fund		Authority	_	Total
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	107,102	\$	445,234	\$	552,336
Restricted cash	Ф	41,522	Ф	443,234	Ф	41,522
Accounts receivable, net		39,790		11,053		50,843
Connection fees receivable, current portion		37,770		22,323		22,323
Total current assets	\$	188,414	\$	478,610	\$	667,024
Total cultent assets	Φ_	100,414	φ.	470,010	Φ_	007,024
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital Assets:						
Land	\$	40,000	\$	-	\$	40,000
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	4,915,115		2,891,521	_	7,806,636
Total capital assets	\$_	4,955,115	\$	2,891,521	\$_	7,846,636
Connection fees receivable, net of current portion	\$	-	\$	88,724	\$	88,724
Total noncurrent assets	\$	4,955,115	\$	2,980,245	\$	7,935,360
Total assets	\$_	5,143,529	\$	3,458,855	\$_	8,602,384
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	10,413	\$	10,462	\$	20,875
Accrued interest payable		2,881		-		2,881
Current portion of bonds payable		15,583		-		15,583
Total current liabilities	\$	28,877	\$	10,462	\$	39,339
Long-term liabilities						
Bonds payable, net of current portion	\$	1,072,053	\$	-	\$	1,072,053
Total long-term liabilities	•	1,072,053	· · -	-	· -	1,072,053
Total liabilities	\$	1,100,930	\$	10,462	\$	1,111,392
	_		_			
Net Position:		0.047.470		0.004.504		. 750 000
Net investment in capital assets	\$	3,867,479	\$	2,891,521	\$	6,759,000
Restricted:		44 500				44 500
Debt service and bond covenants		41,522		-		41,522
Unrestricted	-	133,598		556,872	_	690,470
Total net position	\$	4,042,599	\$	3,448,393	\$_	7,490,992

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	_	Piney River	N	elson County			
		Water &		Broadband			
	-	Sewer Fund	_	Authority		Total	
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services, net	\$	188,460	\$	311,631	\$	500,091	
Total operating revenues	\$	188,460	\$	311,631	\$	500,091	
Operating expenses:							
Water & sewer service	\$	40,808	\$	-	\$	40,808	
Maintenance & repairs		17,159		400		17,559	
Other charges		52,431		149,886		202,317	
Depreciation expense		188,102		186,333		374,435	
Total operating expenses	\$	298,500	\$	336,619	\$	635,119	
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(110,040)	\$_	(24,988)	\$	(135,028)	
Nonoperating expense:							
Interest expense	\$	48,111	\$	-	\$	48,111	
Net nonoperating expense	\$	48,111	\$	-	\$	48,111	
Income(loss) before transfers	\$_	(158,151)	\$_	(24,988)	\$	(183,139)	
Transfers:							
Transfers in	\$	40,000	\$	100,000	\$	140,000	
Total transfers	\$	40,000	\$	100,000	\$	140,000	
Change in net position	\$	(118,151)	\$	75,012	\$	(43,139)	
Net position, beginning of year	-	4,160,750	_	3,373,381	_	7,534,131	
Net position, end of year	\$	4,042,599	\$_	3,448,393	\$	7,490,992	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Business-Typ	e Activities - En	terprise Funds
	•	Piney River	Nelson County	
		Water &	Broadband	
		Sewer Fund	Authority	Total
Cash flows from operating activitites				
Receipts from customers	\$	179,623	\$ 234,621	\$ 414,244
Payments to suppliers		(111,660)	(175,374)	(287,034)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	67,963	\$ 59,247	\$ 127,210
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Purchases of capital assets	\$		\$ (74,984)	• • •
Principal repayments on bonds payable		(14,920)	-	(14,920)
Interest paid on bonds payable		(48,150)		(48,150)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related		((0.070)	(7.4.00.4)	t (100.05.1)
financing activities	\$	(63,070)	\$ (74,984)	\$ (138,054)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Transfers from local government	\$	40,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 140,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,893	\$ 84,263	\$ 129,156
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		103,731	360,971	464,702
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year (including				
restricted cash of \$41,522)	\$	148,624	\$ 445,234	\$ 593,858
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(110,040)	\$ (24,988)	\$ (135,028)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation expense		188,102	186,333	374,435
Changes in assets and liabilities:		100,102	100,333	374,433
Accounts receivable		(8,837)	(77,010)	(85,847)
Accounts payable		(1,262)	(25,088)	(26,350)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	67,963	\$ 59,247	\$ 127,210
Supplemental information:				
Interest paid during year	\$	48,150	\$ -	\$ 48,150
Change in accrued interest payable		(39)		(39)
Interest expense for year	\$	48,111	\$	\$ 48,111

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds At June 30, 2015 $\,$

	_	Agency Funds		
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables	\$	286,580 1,582		
Total assets	\$	288,162		
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	\$	288,162		
Total liabilities	\$	288,162		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Narrative Profile

The County of Nelson (the County), located in central Virginia and bordered by the counties of Augusta, Rockbridge, Amherst, Appomattox, Buckingham, and Albemarle, was founded in 1807. The County has a population of 15,161 and land area of 471 square miles.

The County is governed under the County Administrator - Board of Supervisors form of government. Nelson County engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration; public safety and administration of justice; education; health, welfare, and human service programs; planning and community development; and recreation and cultural activities.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Management's Discussion and Analysis

GASB Statement No. 34 requires that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to the analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

Blended Component Units - Nelson County Broadband Authority - The Nelson County Broadband Authority serves all the citizens of the government and is governed by a board comprised of the government's elected supervisors. The rates for user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's board. The Authority operates on a fiscal year which ends June 30. The Authority is presented as an enterprise fund in the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The Nelson County School Board is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the County. The members of the governing board are elected by the County voters. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County's Board of Supervisors approves the School Board budget, provides substantial funding for operations and must approve any debt issuance. The Nelson County School Board does not prepare separate financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Financial Reporting Entity: (Continued)

The Economic Development Authority of Nelson County, Virginia was created to issue industrial development revenue bonds for businesses located within the County. The Authority board members are appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. All debt issuance must be approved by the County Board of Supervisors and the County has incurred a moral obligation to provide funding for the payment of the Authority debt. The Authority is presented as a proprietary fund type. A copy of the Authority's financial statements may be obtained from the Nelson County Administrator's office.

Related Organizations - The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the Board appointment. The Nelson County Service Authority board members are appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. The County's accountability for the Authority does not extend beyond making the appointments. The County appropriated \$156,000 to the Authority for operating grants for fire protection services in fiscal year 2015 and provides space for its administrative offices. The County also paid \$162,812 to the Authority for its share of the debt service of the Colleen water line. The Authority is not included in the reporting entity. A copy of the Authority's financial statements can be obtained from the Authority administrative office located in Lovingston, Virginia.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County appoints representative members of the governing bodies of the Jefferson-Madison Regional Library, the Region Ten Community Services Board, and the Thomas Jefferson Planning District Commission. The County does not retain ongoing financial interests in these organizations. During the year, the County contributed \$260,468 for operations to the Jefferson-Madison Regional Library, \$92,586 to the Region Ten Community Services Board, \$17,740 to the Thomas Jefferson Planning District Commission, \$533,152 to the Albemarle-Charlottesville Regional Jail Authority, and \$96,500 to the Jefferson Area Board for Aging.

In June 2008, the County entered into a Use Agreement with the Region 2000 Services Authority to make use of its facilities. The Region 2000 Services Authority was formed by five participating jurisdictions to operate solid waste disposal landfills. The operating and debt service costs of the Region 2000 Services Authority are funded through the charging of tipping fees. In 2015, the County paid the Region 2000 Services Authority \$272,373 in tipping fees. See Note 19 for further discussion of the Use Agreement.

C. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the *primary government* is financially accountable.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

C. Government-wide and fund financial statements: (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (private purpose and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the County, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the County in fiscal year 2015.

1. Governmental Funds:

a. <u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the County in fiscal year 2015.

- b. <u>Debt Service Fund</u>: The Debt Service Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should also be used to report financial resources being accumulated for future debt service. The Debt Service Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.
- c. <u>Special Revenue Funds:</u> Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Special Revenue Funds consist of the Housing Improvement Fund.
- d. <u>Capital Projects Fund:</u> The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Proprietary Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon the determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position.

Proprietary funds operating revenue consist of charges for services and related revenues. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Nonoperating revenues consist of contributions, grants, investment earnings, and other revenues not directly derived from the providing of services.

Proprietary Funds consist of the Piney River Water & Sewer Fund and the Nelson County Broadband Authority. The Piney River Water & Sewer Fund and the Nelson County Broadband Authority are Enterprise Funds. An Enterprise Fund is a proprietary fund that accounts for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services.

3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds):

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds.

Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency Funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity. The Agency Funds consist of the Special Welfare and EMS Loan Funds.

The County has no Trust Funds.

4. Component Units:

a. Nelson County School Board: The Nelson County School Board has the following fund:

— Governmental Fund:

School Operating Fund - This fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Nelson and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes. This fund also accounts for the operations of the School Board's food service and textbook purchase programs.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

4. Component Units: (Continued)

b. <u>Economic Development Authority:</u> The Economic Development Authority operates on a proprietary fund basis where revenues and expenditures are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting, where the measurement focus is on the determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. The Economic Development Authority is an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

F. Investments

Investments for the County, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value.

G. Restricted Cash:

Restricted cash has been recorded for funds held for restricted purposes.

The Piney River Water and Sewer Fund has recorded \$41,522 in restricted cash. This amount represents the reserve required to be established by the loan agreement. See Note 7 for further discussion.

H. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The County bills and collects its own property taxes. Personal property taxes are prorated based on the date property is located within the County. However, the value as of January 1 is used to compute the tax.

Real estate and personal property taxes are payable in semi-annual installments due June 5 and December 5.

I. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Supervisors annually adopts budgets for the various funds of the primary government and component unit School Board. All appropriations are legally controlled at the department level for the primary government funds. The School Board appropriation is determined by the Board of Supervisors and controlled in total by the primary government.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

I. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting: (Continued)</u>

The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all major funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the major funds presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, the Housing Improvement Fund, the Piney River Water & Sewer Fund, the Street Lights Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the School Operating Fund.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 7. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget as of June 30, 2015, as adopted, appropriated and legally amended.

The expenditure budget is enacted through an annual appropriations ordinance. Appropriations are made at the departmental level for the primary government and at the function level for the School Board. If budget amendments exceed 1% of the original adopted budget the Board of Supervisors may legally amend the budget only by following procedures used in the adoption of the original budget. Public hearings are required to amend the budget if amendments exceed 1% of the original adopted budget. There was no budget amendment during the year that exceeded the 1% limitation. The Board of Supervisors must approve all appropriations and transfers of appropriated amounts.

J. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$464,159 at June 30, 2014. The allowance is comprised of property taxes, landfill fees, EMS charges, and sewer charges.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County, Component Unit School Board, and Component Unit Economic Development Authority do not have any infrastructure in their capital assets since roads, streets, bridges, and similar assets within its boundaries are property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment and infrastructure are charged to operations when incurred. Expenses that materially change the capacities or extend the useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 10 to 40 years Furniture and other equipment 5 to 12 years

L. Compensated Absences

The County and Component Unit School Board incur liabilities related to compensated absences (annual and sick leave benefits) when vested. Because the timing of the settlement of the liability related to compensated absences is not considered to be estimable, the entire amount of the liability has been classified as current in the government-wide financial statements.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or component unit activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported inclusive or net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

N. Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

O. Fund Equity

Financial Policies

The Board of Supervisors meets on a monthly basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. It is the County's policy to fund current expenditures with current revenues and the County's mission is to strive to maintain a diversified and stable revenue stream to protect the government from problematic fluctuations in any single revenue source and provide stability to ongoing services. The County's unassigned General Fund balance will be maintained to provide the County with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Under GASB 54, fund balances are required to be reported according to the following classifications:

<u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for resale, and long-term receivables.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> - Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law (through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation).

<u>Committed fund balance</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a formal action (resolution or ordinance) by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> - Amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body, another body (such as a Finance Committee), or by an official to whom that authority has been given. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

O. Fund Equity: (Continued)

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> - This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The Board of Supervisors is authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes. The Board of Supervisors is also authorized to commit amounts for specific purposes. The following is detail of the County's Fund Balances:

Category		General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds	_ ,	Total Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items Inventory	\$	33,577 \$ 	-	\$	-	\$ -	- -	\$	33,577 \$	18,175 41,718
Total Nonspendable	\$_	33,577 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,577 \$	59,893
Restricted: Unexpended Bond	_									
Proceeds	\$_	\$	8,266	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,266	
Total Restricted	\$	- \$	8,266	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,266 \$	-
Committed:										
Ryan School Reserve	\$	39,126 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,126 \$	-
Reassessment		144,395	-		-		-		144,395	-
Debt Service		-	183,220)	-		-		183,220	-
Community Development		-	-		-		50		50	
Textbooks		-	-		-		-		-	272,781
Cafeteria		-	-		-		-		-	198,827
Courthouse Construction			-		260,541		-		260,541	-
Capital Projects	_				898,000		-		898,000	
Total Committed	\$	183,521 \$	183,220	\$	1,158,541	\$	50	\$	1,525,332 \$	471,608
Unassigned	\$	22,421,509 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,421,509 \$	(40,081)
Total Fund Balance	\$	22,638,607 \$	191,486	\$	1,158,541	\$	50	\$	23,988,684 \$	491,420

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

P. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Q. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventory is stated at the lesser of cost or fair market value. Cost is calculated on a first in, first out basis.

R. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

S. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred amount on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

S. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The statement of financial position also reports deferred inflows of resources. The County has two types of items that qualifies for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. This also includes uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

T. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 2—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The County does not have a written investment policy but follows state guidelines.

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)

The County's investments at June 30, 2015 were held in the County's name by the County's custodial banks.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2015 were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values							
Local Government		_					
Rated Debt Investments		Fair Quality Ratings					
	_	AAAm					
Money Market Mutual Fund Local Government Investment Pool	\$	8,266 48,490					
Total	\$	56,756					
Component Unit Economic Development	t A	uthority					
Rated Debt Investments		Fair Quality Ratings					
		AAAm					
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	8,812					

External Investment Pools

The fair values of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are the same as the value of the pool shares. The LGIP is not SEC registered; regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 3—RECEIVABLES:

Receivables at June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

		Primary Gove	rnment		
		Governmental			
		Activities		Compone	ent Units
	-	General Fund	Business- Type Activities	School Board	Economic Development Authority
Property taxes	\$	12,654,202 \$	- \$	- \$	-
Penalties		31,433			
Utility taxes		43,283	-	-	-
Recordation taxes and court fees		15,756	-	-	-
School resource officer		21,576			
Lodging fees		31,351	-	-	-
Meals taxes		77,450	-	-	-
Landfill fees		12,773	-	-	-
EMS revenue recovery		96,989	-	-	-
Note receivable		-	-	-	128,000
E-rate reimbursement		-	-	99,528	-
Sewer charges		-	46,987	-	-
Broadband charges		-	11,053	-	-
Broadband connection fees		-	111,047		
Other		28,569		3,710	67,200
Total receivables	\$	13,013,382 \$		103,238 \$	195,200
Allowance for uncollectibles	-	(456,962)	(7,197)		
Net receivables	\$	12,556,420 \$	161,890 \$	103,238 \$	195,200

A note receivable in the amount of \$128,000 was obtained in connection with the sale of land held by the Economic Development Authority (EDA) in December, 2007. The note and accrued interest were payable in full in June 2015. The note accrues interest at 7% per annum and is secured by a deed of trust. During 2015, the Board of the EDA agreed to extend the maturity date of the note to June 2016.

NOTE 4-DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS:

		D.:			Component
	_	Pri	mary Government		Unit
			Governmental		
	_		Activities		
			Other		
		General	Governmental		School
	_	Fund	Funds	Total	Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Local sales taxes	\$	170,169 \$	- \$	170,169 \$	-
State sales taxes		-	-	-	361,685
Personal property tax relief act		734,930	-	734,930	-
Comprehensive Services Act		77,236	-	77,236	-
Public assistance		25,266	-	25,266	-
Communications tax		77,546	-	77,546	-
Rolling stock tax		107,363	-	107,363	-
Shared expenses and grants		116,982	-	116,982	-
Other		29,355		29,355	-
Federal government:					
Public assistance		43,955	-	43,955	-
TEA-21 grant		191,366	-	191,366	-
Other		6,366	-	6,366	-
Federal pass-through school funds	_			- ,	169,899
Total	\$	1,580,534 \$	- \$	1,580,534 \$	531,584

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 5—INTERFUND ACTIVITY:

Primary Government: Transfers To/From Other Funds:		
Transfer to the Debt Service Fund to pay principal and interest on long-term debt	\$	(3,266,560)
Transfer from the Capital projects fund		- (400,000)
Transfer to the Broadband Fund		(100,000)
Transfer to the Piney River Water & Sewer fund to support operations	_	(40,000)
Net transfers from General Fund	\$_	(3,406,560)
Transfer from the General Fund to pay principal and interest on long-term debt	\$_	3,266,560
Net transfers to Debt Service Fund	\$	3,266,560
Transfer from the General Fund to support operations	\$ _	40,000
Net transfers to the Piney River Water & Sewer Fund	\$ _	40,000
Transfer from the General Fund to pay for broadband project	\$	100,000
Net transfers to the Broadband Authority Fund	\$ <u></u>	100,000

The component unit School Board consists of only one fund.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 6—CAPITAL ASSETS:

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

Governmental Activities:

		Balance July 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land improvements Construction in progress Total capital assets not being	\$	573,234 \$ 3,141,579	119,923 \$ 1,556,684	- \$ 2,854,428	693,157 1,843,835
depreciated	\$_	3,714,813 \$	1,676,607 \$	2,854,428 \$	2,536,992
Other capital assets: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles School buildings, improvements	\$	14,840,204 \$ 4,739,601	95,560 \$ 3,091,934	- \$ 205,062	14,935,764 7,626,473
and equipment *	_	19,165,000		1,420,000	17,745,000
Total other capital assets	\$_	38,744,805 \$	3,187,494 \$	1,625,062 \$	40,307,237
Less: Accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles School buildings, improvements	\$	3,494,292 \$ 2,753,332	533,929 \$ 812,784	- \$ 155,065	4,028,221 3,411,051
and equipment *	_	4,938,751	443,625	385,000	4,997,376
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	11,186,375 \$	1,790,338 \$	540,065 \$	12,436,648
Other capital assets, net	\$_	27,558,430 \$	1,397,156 \$	1,084,997 \$	27,870,589
Net capital assets	\$_	31,273,243 \$	3,073,763 \$	3,939,425 \$	30,407,581
Depreciation expense was allocated as follo General government administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education	ws:	\$	290,426 674,893 261,431 15,111 443,625		
Parks, recreation and cultural		-	104,852		
Total depreciation expense		\$	1,790,338		

^{*} School Board capital assets are jointly owned by the County (primary government) and the Component Unit School Board. The County share of the School Board capital assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such assets by the County. The County reports depreciation on these assets as an element of its share of the costs of the public school system.

NOTE 6-CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board

		Balance July 1, 2014	Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land improvements	\$_	851,210 \$	-	\$	\$	<u> </u>	851,210
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	851,210 \$	-	\$	\$	S	851,210
Other capital assets: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles School buildings, improvements and	\$	46,352,365 \$ 4,761,896	12,868 491,401	\$	- \$ 94,408	5	46,365,233 5,158,889
equipment allocated to County *	_	(19,165,000)	1,420,000				(17,745,000)
Total other capital assets	\$_	31,949,261 \$	1,924,269	\$	94,408 \$	<u> </u>	33,779,122
Less: Accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles School buildings, improvements and	\$	18,104,897 \$ 3,438,218	1,327,599 349,311	\$	- \$ 94,408	5	19,432,496 3,693,121
equipment allocated to County *	_	(4,938,751)	(443,625)		(385,000)		(4,997,376)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	16,604,364 \$	1,233,285	\$	(290,592) \$		18,128,241
Other capital assets, net	\$_	15,344,897 \$	690,984	\$	385,000 \$	<u> </u>	15,650,881
Net capital assets	\$_	16,196,107 \$	690,984	\$	385,000 \$	<u> </u>	16,502,091
Depreciation expense allocated to educa	tion	\$	1,233,285	- '			

^{*} School Board capital assets are jointly owned by the County (primary government) and the Component Unit School Board. The County share of the School Board capital assets is in proportion to the debt owed on such assets by the County. The County reports depreciation on these assets as an element of its share of the costs of the public school system.

Reconciliation of primary government (governmental activities) net position net investment in capital assets.

Net capital assets	\$ 30,407,581
Less: Long-term debt applicable to capital assets at June 30, 2015	 26,084,762
Net position net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,322,819

NOTE 6-CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

Business	Type	Activities:
Dusiness	IVDC	ACTIVITIES.

Dimas	. Div.	11/0+05	O	Callian	Operations
PILIEV	KIV61	WAIE	ĸ.	ZEWEI	Chorkiador

Pilley River Water & Sewer Operations	_	Balance July 1, 2014		Increases	. <u>-</u>	Decreases		Balance June 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land improvements Total capital assets not being	\$_	40,000	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	40,000
depreciated	\$_	40,000	\$_	_	\$_	-	\$_	40,000
Other capital assets: Infrastructure	\$	6,565,184	\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,565,184
Equipment	Ψ	25,619	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	25,619
Total other capital assets	\$	6,590,803	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,590,803
Less: Accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure	\$	1,461,967	\$	188,102	\$	_	\$	1,650,069
Equipment		25,619		-		-	- , -	25,619
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ <u>_</u>	1,487,586	. \$ _	188,102	\$_	-	\$	1,675,688
Other capital assets, net	\$_	5,103,217	\$_	(188,102)	\$_	-	\$_	4,915,115
Net capital assets	\$ _	5,143,217	\$	(188,102)	\$	-	\$ _	4,955,115
Nelson County Broadband Authority								
		Balance July 1, 2014		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2015
Other capital assets:	_	-	-		-			
Equipment	\$ _	3,352,142		74,984	_	-	- \$ -	3,427,126
Total other capital assets	* _	3,352,142	\$_	74,984	\$	-	\$	3,427,126
Less: Accumulated depreciation for: Equipment	\$	349,272	\$	186,333	\$		\$	535,605
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ -	349,272		186,333		-	- ^{\$} -	535,605
Other capital assets, net	\$	3,002,870	\$	(111,349)	\$	-	\$_	2,891,521
Net capital assets	\$ _	3,002,870	\$	(111,349)	\$		\$	2,891,521
Reconciliation of primary government (busin	ness ty	pe activities)	net	t position inve	stn	nent in capita	al as	sets.
Net capital assets Less: Long-term debt applicable to capital	assets	at June 30, 2	2015	5			\$	7,846,636 1,087,636

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

General Fund revenues are used to pay all long-term general obligation debt, and General Fund capital leases and compensated absences. School Fund revenues and appropriations from the General Fund are used to pay its compensated absences. Thus, all of the long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities of the primary government.

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	_	Balance July 1, 2014 as restated	Issuances/ Additions	 Retirements/ Reductions	Balance June 30, 2015
Primary Government:					
Governmental activities:					
Lease revenue refunding bonds	\$	9,045,000 \$	-	\$ 480,000 \$	8,565,000
General obligation bonds:					
School		8,940,000	-	700,000	8,240,000
Premium on issuance		239,117	-	42,578	196,539
Virginia Resource Authority:					
Infrastructure Revenue bonds:					
General		2,360,000	-	425,000	1,935,000
Premium on issuance		202,984	-	42,566	160,418
Refunding Revenue bonds:		/ 740 000		F.40, 000	, ,,,,,
General		6,740,000	-	540,000	6,200,000
Premium on issuance		910,541	-	122,736	787,805
Retirement incentive obligation loan		239,824	-	54,184	185,640
Compensated absences		342,496	7,850	34,250	316,096
Net OPEB obligation		23,948	58,442	57,500	24,890
Net pension liability		3,082,168	1,602,383	2,829,806	1,854,745
Landfill liability	-	1,021,331	15,320	 - .	1,036,651
Total	\$	33,147,409 \$	1,683,995	\$ 5,328,620 \$	29,502,784
December to F 1 2 2 4					
Reconciliation to Exhibit 1:				Φ.	0.500.440
Long-term liabilities due within one y		0.110.05		\$	2,500,143
Long-term liabilities due in more than	ı on	e year			27,002,641
Total				\$	29,502,784

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 7-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

	-	Balance July 1, 2014 as restated	Issuances/ Additions		Retirements/ Reductions	Balance June 30, 2015
Business-type activities:						
USDA Water Revenue Bond	\$	467,328 \$	-	\$	6,495 \$	460,833
USDA Sewer Revenue Bond	_	635,228	-		8,425	626,803
	\$ <u>_</u>	1,102,556 \$	-	- \$	14,920 \$	1,087,636
Reconciliation to Exhibit 1:						
Long-term liabilities due within one	year				\$	15,583
Long-term liabilities due in more that	an on	e year				1,072,053
Total					\$	1,087,636

Annual requirements to amortize bonds, loans and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal		Interest
			_
2016	\$ 2,293,446	\$	1,016,906
2017	2,393,073		921,239
2018	2,142,999		825,851
2019	2,162,774		728,819
2020	2,013,570		641,276
2021-2025	10,306,106		1,844,215
2026-2030	4,137,115		389,263
2031-2035	164,507		150,853
2036-2040	204,847		110,513
2041-2045	255,090		60,270
2046-2048	139,749	_	7,735
	•		
Total	\$ 26,213,276	\$	6,696,940

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 7-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

<u>Details of Long-term Indebtedness:</u>

		Amount Outstanding		Amount Due in One Year
Governmental activities:	-			
General Obligation School Bonds:				
\$14,280,000 School Bonds, 2003, issued November 2003, due in various installments of \$420,000 to \$1,110,000 through January 2024, interest rates from 3.1% to 5.35%	\$	8,240,000	\$	740,000
Unamortized premium on issuance of 2003 School Bonds	_	196,539		39,005
Total general obligation school bonds	\$_	8,436,539	\$	779,005
Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds:				
\$9,990,000 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2012, issued March 2012, due in various semi-annual installments ranging from \$480,000 to \$860,000, through August 2027, interest rates at 2.75%	\$	8,565,000	\$	490,000
Total lease revenue refunding bonds	\$	8,565,000	\$	490,000
VRA Refunding Revenue Bonds:				
\$7,305,000 Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2013A, issued June 5, 2013, payable in various annual installments through October 1, 2027; Interest payable semiannually at rates ranging from 2.017% to 4.13%.	\$	6,200,000	\$	545,000
	*	, ,	T	•
Unamortized premium on issuance of 2013 VRA Bonds	-	787,805		114,508
Total VRA refunding revenue bonds	\$	6,987,805	\$	659,508

NOTE 7-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Details of Long-term Indebtedness: (Continued)			
		Amount Outstanding	Amount Due in One Year
Governmental activities: (Continued)	•	<u> </u>	
Virginia Resource Authority Infrastructure Revenue Bonds:			
\$2,460,000 issued June 7, 2007 due in semi-annual installments of interest only through April, 2008, interest at 4.48%; annual installments of principal and semi-annual payments of interest thereafter through September, 2016 with principal installments in amounts ranging from \$230,000 to \$325,000 and interest rates ranging from 4.1% to 4.625%.	\$	635,000	\$ 310,000
Unamortized premium		2,382	1,978
\$1,555,000 issued May 23, 2012 due in various installments of principal and interest through October 2022, interest payable semi-annually ranging from 3.445% to 5.125%.		1,300,000	135,000
Unamortized premium		158,036	35,179
Total Virginia Resource Authority Infrastructure Revenue Bonds	\$	2,095,418	\$ 482,157
Loan Payable - Early Retirement Incentive Costs:			
The County School Board adopted the early retirement incentive program. The School Board's share of the liability for those employees who elected to participate totaled \$761,771. This obligation was refinanced with a loan from a bank in August, 1999. This liability is not included in the pension benefit obligation disclosed in Note 9. The loan is payable in annual installments of \$70,468 (including principal and interest) due May 1, 2018, interest			
at 6.79%.	\$	185,640	\$ 57,863
Total governmental activities loans and bonds	\$	26,270,402	\$ 2,468,533
Compensated absences	\$	316,096	\$ 31,610
Net OPEB obligation	\$	24,890	\$ -
Net pension liability	\$	1,854,745	\$ -
Landfill liability	\$	1,036,651	\$ -
Total governmental activities obligations	\$	29,502,784	\$ 2,500,143

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Details of Long-term Indebtedness: (Continued)

Dusiness tune activities	Amount Outstanding	Amount Due in One Year
Business-type activities: USDA Revenue Bonds:		
\$499,000 Water Revenue Bond, Series 2007, issued November 8,		
2007, interest only due on November 8, 2008, and then monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,186 through October, 2047;		

\$676,000 Water Revenue Bond, Series 2007, issued November 8,		
2007, interest only due on November 8, 2008, and then monthly		
principal and interest payments of \$3,070 through October, 2047;		
interest at 4.5%	 626,803	 8,809
Total business-type activities long-term obligations	\$ 1,087,636	\$ 15,583

\$

460,833 \$

6.774

USDA Revenue Bonds

interest at 4.25%

Under the terms of the USDA Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, the County is required to establish a reserve equal to 10% of the monthly installments of principal and interest until an amount equal to twelve monthly installments has been established. The requirement to establish the reserve commences with the first scheduled monthly installment of principal and interest. The funds are not required to be held in a separate bank account.

The reserve was established in December 2008, and has a balance of \$41,522 at June 30, 2015. The reserve has been reflected as restricted cash in the accompanying financial statements.

The County paid \$48,111 in interest on the USDA Water and Sewer Bonds in fiscal 2015, of which \$0 has been capitalized in the accompanying financial statements.

Federal Arbitrage Regulations:

The County is in compliance with federal arbitrage regulations. Any arbitrage amounts that may be required to be paid are not material to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 7-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Federal Arbitrage Regulations: (Continued)

The following is summary of long-term obligations transactions of the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2015:

		Balance July 1, 2014 as restated	Additions	 Retirements & Other Reductions	_	Balance June 30, 2015
School Board						
Compensated absences	\$	355,236 \$	21,616	\$ 35,524	\$	341,328
Energy improvement lease		2,064,973	-	103,447		1,961,526
Net Pension liability		21,270,529	2,178,050	4,555,640		18,892,939
Net OPEB obligation		240,201	83,100	 37,700	_	285,601
Total	\$	23,930,939 \$	2,282,766	\$ 4,732,311	\$	21,481,394
Reconciliation to Exhibit 1:						
Long-term liabilities due within one y	ear				\$	144,259
Long-term liabilities due in more than		e year			_	21,337,135
Total					\$_	21,481,394

Annual requirements to amortize the energy improvements lease are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest
2016	\$ 110,126	\$	41,584
2017	117,082		39,179
2018	124,326		36,623
2019	131,868		33,910
2020	139,718		31,033
2021-2025	827,945		105,791
2026-2030	510,461		16,857
Total	\$ 1,961,526	\$	304,977
		: :	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 7-LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

		Amount Outstanding		Amount Due in One Year
School Board	_		-	
Energy Improvement Lease:				
\$2,162,010 equipment lease/purchase agreement for energy improvements dated April 15, 2013. The lease is to be repaid in annual installments ranging from \$71,500 on October 15, 2013 to \$113,431 on October 15, 2027. Interest charged at a rate of 2.15%. Energy improvements of \$2,153,960 are included in buildings and improvements at year end.	\$_	1,961,526	\$_	110,126
Compensated absences	\$_	341,328	\$_	34,133
Net pension liability	\$_	18,892,939	\$_	
Net OPEB obligation	\$_	285,601	\$_	
Total School Board long-term obligations	\$_	21,481,394	\$_	144,259

NOTE 8—COMPENSATED ABSENCES:

In accordance with GASB Statement 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the County and its components units have accrued the liability arising from all outstanding compensated absences. The liability for future vacation and sick leave benefits is accrued when such benefits meet the following conditions.

The County's policy is to pay accrued vacation and compensatory time upon termination. Vacation time earned is limited to a maximum of 24 to 54 days, depending on years of service. Compensatory leave credits lapse after twelve months following the performance of work. School Board employees are paid up to 36 days of accrued vacation upon termination and at a rate of \$10 per day for sick leave only at retirement. Social Services employees are paid up to a maximum of 24 to 54 days of accrued vacation upon termination. Social Services employees are also paid unused sick leave upon termination; such pay is limited to the lesser of 25% of the unused balance or \$2,500.

	Balance July 1, 2014	Net Increase/ (Decrease)	Balance June 30, 2015
Primary Government: Governmental activities	\$ 342,496	\$ (26,400)	\$ 316,096
Component Unit School Board	\$ 355,236	\$ (13,908)	\$ 341,328

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9—PENSION PLAN:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.				

NOTE 9-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

P

Plan Description (Continued)								
RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)								
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN						
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)						
		• In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.						
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election						

Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.

*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:

 Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

NOTE 9-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.				
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.			
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1			

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.			
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.			
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.			

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.				
	daty employees. Same as riall 1.	Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.				
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.				
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.				

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)				
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.				
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
PLAN 1 Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an	·	•				
unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long- term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits						
Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.						

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.			
becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.			
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

receiving benefits 57 41 Inactive members: Vested inactive members 14 6 Non-vested inactive members 14 12 Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS 30 12 Total inactive members 58 30 Active members 86 82 Total covered employees 201 153	Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Vested inactive members146Non-vested inactive members1412Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS3012Total inactive members5830Active members8682		57	41
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS3012Total inactive members5830Active members8682		14	6
Total inactive members 58 30 Active members 86 82	Non-vested inactive members	14	12
Active members8682	Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	30	12
	Total inactive members	58	30
Total covered employees 201 153	Active members	86	82
	Total covered employees	201	153

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 12.31% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$464,083 and \$492,143 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Contributions (Continued)

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 8.41% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$129,098 and \$146,724 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County/City/Town's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
	_		
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
y	Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Primary Government					
	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$	16,752,433	\$_	13,670,265	\$	3,082,168
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	446,356	\$	-	\$	446,356
Interest		1,144,445		-		1,144,445
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		492,143		(492,143)
Contributions - employee		-		186,897		(186,897)
Net investment income		-		2,150,653		(2,150,653)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(806,440)		(806,440)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(11,582)		11,582
Other changes		-		113		(113)
Net changes	\$	784,361	\$	2,011,784	\$	(1,227,423)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	17,536,794	\$	15,682,049	\$	1,854,745

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net Pension Liability: (Continued)

	Component School Board (nonprofessional) Increase (Decrease)					ssional)
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$	6,196,006	\$_	5,362,477	\$	833,529
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	154,252	\$	-	\$	154,252
Interest		424,255		-		424,255
Differences between expected and actual experience						_
Contributions - employer				146,724		(146,724)
Contributions - employee		_		79,650		(79,650)
Net investment income		_		844,221		(844,221)
Benefit payments, including refunds				011/221		(011/221)
of employee contributions		(270,446)		(270,446)		_
Administrative expenses		-		(4,543)		4,543
Other changes		-		45		(45)
Net changes	\$	308,061	\$	795,651	\$	(487,590)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	6,504,067	\$	6,158,128	\$	345,939

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
		(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	3,983,552 \$	1,854,745 \$	76,427	
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,126,944 \$	345,939 \$	(310,017)	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$223,595 and \$35,572, respectively. At June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

					Component Unit School			
	_	Primary G	ov	ernment	Board (nonpi	rofessional)		
		Deferred		Deferred	Deferred	Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of		
	_	Resources		Resources	 Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - \$	-		
Change in assumptions		-		-	-	-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		958,875	-	376,438		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	464,083		-	 129,098			
Total	\$_	464,083	\$	958,875	\$ 129,098 \$	376,438		

\$464,083 and \$129,098 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30		Primary Government		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2016	\$	(239,719)	\$	(94,110)
2017	•	(239,719)	•	(94,110)
2018		(239,719)		(94,110)
2019		(239,718)		(94,108)
Thereafter		_		_

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

Al full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,606,740 and \$1,310,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported a liability of \$18,547,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the school division's proportion was .15347% as compared to .14835% at June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,595,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from cha

nges in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Change in assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	2,752,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	577,000	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,606,740	
Total	\$ 2,183,740	\$ 2,752,000

\$1,606,740 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

_	Year ended June 30	
	2016	\$ (560,000)
	2017	(560,000)
	2018	(560,000)
	2019	(560,000)
	Thereafter	65,000

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9-PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 9—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	 Rate				
	(6.00%)	_	(7.00%)	_	(8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher					
Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 27,234,000	\$	18,547,000	\$	11,394,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 10-OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE:

A. Plan Descriptions

County

The County offers health insurance benefits to qualified retirees under a single-employer plan (the County Plan). Health benefits are for medical coverage only.

Eligible retirees under the age of 65 may choose one of the following health insurance options: (a) Key Advantage Expanded Benefits - PPO, or (b) Key Advantage 200 - PPO. An eligible retiree under the age of 65 may elect coverage for himself, for one dependent and himself, or for a family.

Eligible retirees 65 years or older may only participate in the Key Advantage 65 - PPO. An eligible retiree 65 years or older may elect coverage for himself, or for one dependent and himself.

The authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the County Plan rests with the County Board of Supervisors. There is no publicly available financial report for the County Plan.

School Board

The School Board offers health insurance benefits to qualified retirees under a single-employer plan (the School Board Plan). Health benefits include medical, dental and vision coverage.

Eligible retirees under the age of 65 may choose one of the following health insurance options: (a) Local Choice Expanded Benefits --PPO, (b) Local Choice 2000 - PPO, or (c) Local Choice High Deductible - PPO.

An eligible retiree under the age of 65 may elect coverage for himself, for one dependent and himself, or for a family.

Eligible retirees 65 years or older may only participate in the Advantage 65 - PPO. An eligible retiree 65 years or older may elect coverage for himself, or for one dependent and himself.

The authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the School Plan rests with the School Board. There is no publicly available financial report for the School Plan.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 10-OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE: (CONTINUED)

B. Funding Policies

County

The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the County Board of Supervisors. For eligible retirees, 100% of the nominal premium is the responsibility of the retiree. As of July 1, 2013, monthly required premiums were as follows:

	_	Monthly premium owed by retiree						
		Retiree		Retiree and one dependent	Family			
Key Advantage 200 PPO	\$	507	\$	938 \$	1,369			
Key Advantage Expanded Benefits PPO	\$	526	\$	973 \$	1,420			
Key Advantage 65 PPO	\$	152	\$	304	N/A			

The County has not adopted a funding policy for the implicitly subsidized costs of the County Plan. The County Plan has no assets and is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

School Board

The contribution requirements of plan members and the School Board are established and may be amended by the School Board. For eligible retirees, 100% of the nominal premium is the responsibility of the retiree. For the year beginning October 1, 2013, monthly required premiums were as follows:

	_	Monthly premium owed by retiree						
	_	Retiree		Retiree and one dependent	Family			
Local Choice Expanded Benefits PPO	\$	444	\$	821 \$	1,199			
Local Choice 200 PPO	\$	429	\$	794 \$	1,158			
Local Choice High Deductible PPO	\$	324	\$	599 \$	875			
Advantage 65 PPO	\$	176	\$	352	N/A			

The School Board has not adopted a funding policy for the implicitly subsidized costs of the School Plan. The School Plan has no assets and is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTE 10-OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE: (CONTINUED)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County and the School Board's annual postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution* (ARC) of the employer. The County and the School Board have elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus the amortization of the unfunded portion of the actuarial accrued liability in compliance with GASB parameters. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the County and the School Board. The following table presents the components of the County's and the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the estimated contributions to the Plans, and changes in the County's and the School Board's net obligations for the Plans:

	 County	School Board
Annual required contribution Interest on OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$ 59,200 838 (1,596)	\$ 87,800 8,400 (13,100)
Annual OPEB cost	\$ 58,442	\$ 83,100
Estimated contributions made	(57,500)	(37,700)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year	\$ 942 23,948	\$ 45,400 240,201
Net OPEB obligation at end of year	\$ 24,890	\$ 285,601

The County's and the School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal year 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending:	_	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	_	Net OPEB Obligation
County:					
June 30, 2013	\$	40,754	93.73%	\$	25,999
June 30, 2014		41,549	104.94%		23,948
June 30, 2015		58,442	98.39%		24,890
School Board:					
Non-professional					
June 30, 2013	\$	133,400	60.42%	\$	183,301
June 30, 2014		133,000	57.22%		240,201
June 30, 2015		83,100	45.37%		285,601

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 10—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE: (CONTINUED)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

At January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County Plan was unfunded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$603,500, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$603,500. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,747,800, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 16.10%.

At January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board Plan was unfunded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$785,400, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$785,400. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$12,802,200, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 6.13%.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plans and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, if any, consistent, with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

County

In the January 1, 2015, most recent actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 3.50% investment rate of return, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate based on the Getzen Trend Model (6.60% graded to 4.50% graded over 65 years). The payroll growth rate was assumed to be 3.00%.

The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2015 was 16.1 years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 10—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-HEALTH INSURANCE: (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: (Continued)

School Board

In the January 1, 2015, most recent actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 3.50% investment rate of return, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate based on the Getzen Trend Model (6.60% graded to 4.50% graded over 63 years). The payroll growth rate was assumed to be 3.00%.

The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a open basis. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2015 was 30 years.

NOTE 11-VRS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 9.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.06% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$117,458, \$124,464, and \$118,212, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 12-EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS:

There was no excess of expenditures over appropriations in any of the County or School Board funds for the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 13-DEFERRED/UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE:

Primary Government:	Government-wide Statements Governmental Activities	· - ·	Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
Deferred/Unavailable tax revenue:			
Uncollected property tax billings for which asset recognition criteria have not been met have been recorded as deferred revenue. The uncollected tax billings are not available for the funding of current expenditures.	\$ 10,303,531	\$	11,749,619
Prepaid property taxes have been recorded as deferred revenue. Prepaid taxes collected are available for the funding of current expenditures.	232,771		232,771
Total primary government	t 10 526 202	- •	11 002 200
Total primary government	\$ 10,536,302	= ^D	11,982,390

The Component Unit School Board had no unearned or unavailable revenue.

NOTE 14—CONNECTION FEES RECEIVABLE:

When customers connect to the broadband network, the customer is charged a connection fee. The County agreed to collect a portion of these fees over a period up to five years. At June 30, 2015, the County had connection fees receivable in the amount of \$111,047. The following is a schedule of the annual repayments.

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
Julie 30,	 Amount
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ 22,323 22,213 21,578 13,273 31,660
Total	\$ 111,047

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 15—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board:

Federal programs in which the County and School Board participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Operating Leases:

The County is leasing space at area locations in the County. None of the lease agreements have terms of more than one year. Total rent expenditures were \$75,060.

NOTE 16-LITIGATION:

At June 30, 2015, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or its component units that would have an adverse material effect on the financial position of the reporting entity should there be unfavorable rulings affecting the entities.

NOTE 17-SURETY BONDS:

		Amount
Virginia Department of Risk Management - Surety	_	_
Judy Smythers, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	450,000
Angela F. Johnson, Treasurer		400,000
Jean W. Payne, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
David Brooks, Sheriff		30,000
Above constitutional officers' employee - blanket bond		50,000
Virginia Association of Counties		
Group Self-Insurance Risk Pool - Crime coverage		
School Board employees		
Employee dishonesty - limit of liability		250,000
Fidelity and Deposit Company - Crime coverage		
Nelson County Department of Social Services employees		
Employee theft - per employee per occurrence		100,000
National Grange Mutual Insurance Company - Surety		
Thomas H. Bruguiere, Jr., Supervisor		1,000
Constance Brennan, Supervisor		1,000
Stephen A. Carter, County Administrator		2,000
Thomas D. Harvey, Supervisor		1,000
Allen M. Hale, Supervisor		1,000
Larry D. Saunders, Supervisor		1,000

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 18—RISK MANAGEMENT:

The primary government and its component units are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation claims and natural disasters.

The County contracts with the Virginia Association of Counties Municipal Liability Pool to provide for insurance coverages for these risks of loss. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all assets and available insurance of the Pool, the Pool may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The property coverage is for specific amounts based on values assigned to the insured properties. Liability coverage is for \$4,000,000.

The School Board contracts with private insurers for property and liability coverages. Property coverages are for specific property values. General liability coverage is \$10,000,000 and wrongful acts liability coverage is \$4,000,000.

<u>Unemployment Insurance:</u>

The County and School Board are responsible for any unemployment claims. The Virginia Employment Commission bills the County for all unemployment claims.

Employee Health Insurance:

The County and School Board have contracted with a private carrier for health insurance coverages.

Other:

The County and its component units have had no reductions in insurance coverages from the prior year. There have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverages for the past three years, other than the payment of deductibles which are immaterial.

NOTE 19—ACCRUED LANDFILL REMEDIATION COST:

The County closed its landfill operation on October 8, 1993, and contracted with private contractors to dispose of its solid waste. The landfill closure commenced in July, 1994, and, in accordance with federal and state laws and regulations, the County is required to monitor the landfill for 10 years or until released by the Department of Environmental Quality. The original postclosure care liability of \$387,865 was determined by engineers. The revised cost estimate has been estimated at \$1,036,651 as of June 30, 2015. This cost may be revised in the future depending on changes in regulations and applicable environmental laws.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

NOTE 19—ACCRUED LANDFILL REMEDIATION COST: (CONTINUED)

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post closure care and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

As discussed in Note 1, the County entered unto a Use Agreement with the Region 2000 Services Authority to use its solid waste disposal landfills. Under the terms of the agreement, the County is responsible for its pro rata share, as defined, of costs budgeted for closure, post-closure and corrective action, to the extent that tipping fees paid are not adequate to cover such costs.

NOTE 20-RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The County had certain transactions with the Nelson County Service Authority during fiscal year 2015. In addition to purchasing water from the Authority at its normal rates, the County provides office space for the Authority's administrative operations free of charge, and appropriated \$156,000 to the Authority for fire protection services. The County also paid \$162,812 to the Authority for debt service requirements for the Colleen water line.

In October 2007, the County entered into an agreement with the Nelson County Service Authority (NCSA) to operate and maintain the Piney River III Water and Sewer system (Piney River III). NCSA also bills Piney River III customers, and remits collections to the County on a monthly basis. The County pays NCSA \$3.62 per 1,000 gallons of water delivered to Piney River III customers and \$2.94 per 1,000 gallons of sewerage delivered to NCSA by Piney River III customers.

NOTE 21-DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN:

The County offers an approved deferred compensation plan pursuant to Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. Permanent, part-time and full-time County employees are eligible to participate and may defer 25% of their gross income up to a maximum of \$18,000 in 2015. Eligible employees age 50 and over may defer up to \$22,000 in 2015. The compensation deferred is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

The assets of the plan vest solely with the employee and are not available to the County general creditors.

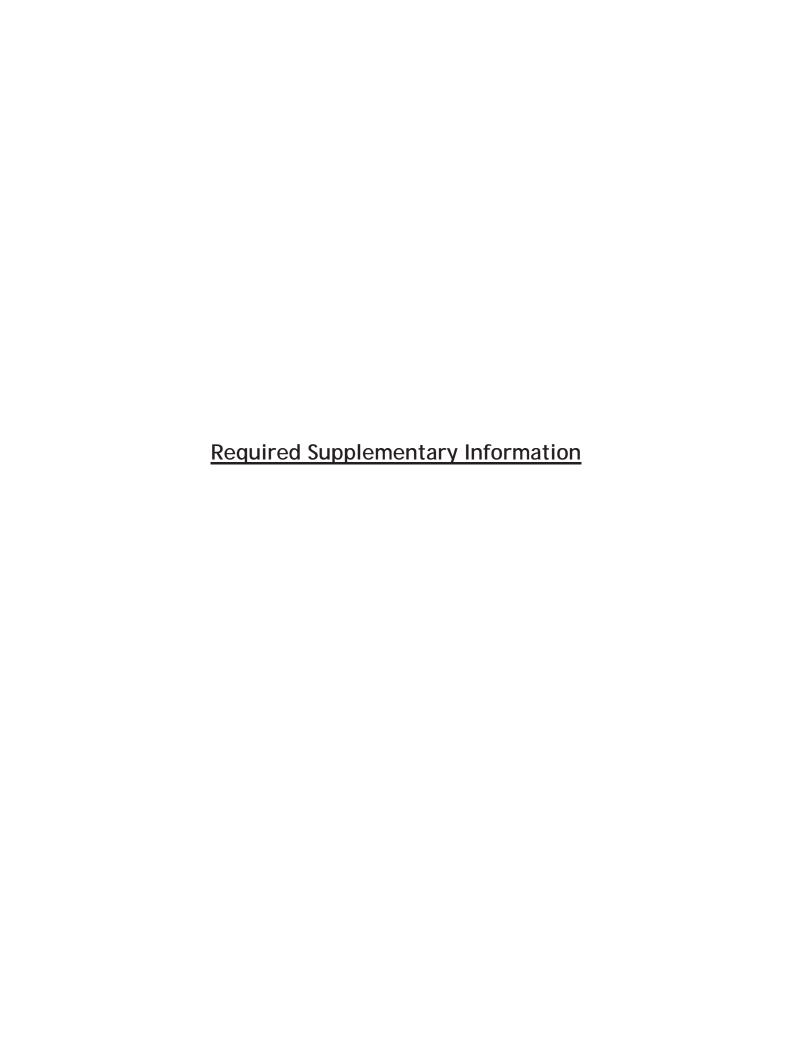
Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015 (Continued)

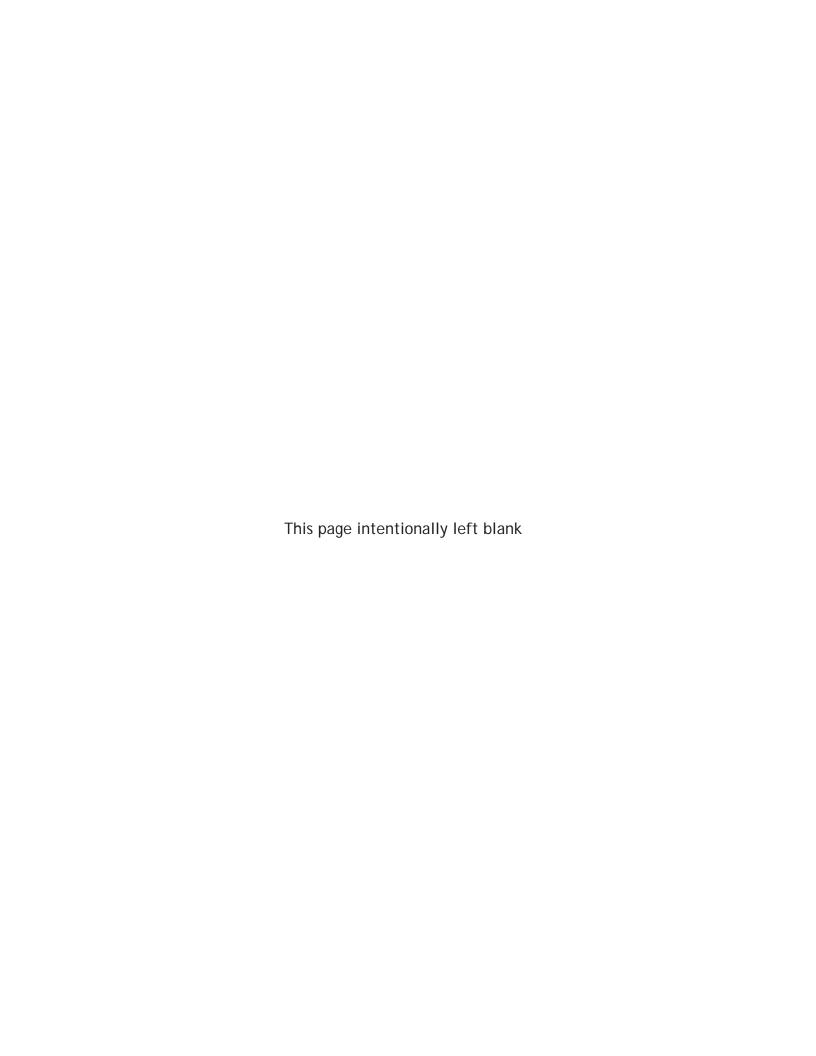
NOTE 22-ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68:

The County/City/Town implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements of these Statements will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in the following restatement of net position:

		Net Position			
	-		Component		
			Unit -		
		Governmental	School		
	_	Activities	Board		
Net Position as reported at June 30, 2014	\$	25,156,114	13,884,295		
Implementation of GASB 68	-	(2,590,025)	(19,813,805)		
Net Position as restated at June 30, 2014	\$	22,566,089	(5,929,510)		





General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES Original Final Amounts (Negative) General property taxes \$ 21,643,524 \$ 21,643,524 \$ 22,462,776 \$ 819,252 Other local taxes 3,985,365 3,985,365 4,256,941 271,576 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 362,600 362,600 289,183 46,33 Fines and forfeitures 362,600 50,000 59,159 9,150 Revenue from the use of money and property 50,000 50,000 59,159 9,150 Charges for services 33,500 42,497 71,605 29,108 Recovered costs 4,600 621,000 709,655 88,650 Recovered costs 4,800 4,701,463 4,640,726 (60,737) Federal 1,027,374 1,337,669 1,333,512 55,843 Total revenues 5 32,869,692 3,321,818 3,4529,392 \$ 1,311,151 EXPENDITURES 5 5 4,974,624 5,114,777 4,715,943 1,475,501 Spublic safety 4,974,624			Budgeted A	mounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
Seneral property taxes		_			-		
Other local taxes 3,985,365 3,985,365 4,256,941 271,576 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 242,750 242,750 289,183 46,433 Fines and forfeitures 362,600 362,600 367,860 5,260 Revenue from the use of money and property 50,000 50,000 59,159 9,159 Charges for services 231,320 231,320 277,927 46,607 Miscellaneous 30,500 42,497 71,605 29,108 Recovered costs 616,000 621,000 709,650 88,650 Intergovernmental revenues: 200,000 33,218,188 4,640,726 (60,737) Federal 1,027,374 1,337,669 1,393,512 55,843 Total revenues 32,869,692 33,218,188 3,4,529,339 \$ 1,311,151 EXPENDITURES Current: C C C C C Ceneral government administration 7,76,684 779,492 731,991 47,501 Public works 1,968,796 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 242,750 242,750 289,183 46,433 Fines and forfeitures 362,600 362,600 367,860 5,260 Revenue from the use of money and property 50,000 50,000 59,159 9,159 Charges for services 231,320 231,320 277,927 46,607 Miscellaneous 30,500 42,497 71,605 29,108 Recovered costs 616,000 621,000 709,650 88,650 Intergovernmental revenues: 1,027,374 1,337,669 1,393,512 55,843 Total revenues 32,869,692 33,218,188 34,529,339 \$ 1,311,151 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration 1,719,963 1,757,503 1,633,671 \$ 123,832 Judicial administration 7,719,684 779,492 731,991 47,501 Public safety 4,974,624 5,114,777 4,715,943 398,834 Public safety 4,974,624 5,14		\$			\$		
Fines and forfeitures 362,600 362,800 367,860 5,260 Revenue from the use of money and property 50,000 50,000 59,159 9,159 9,159 16,600 16,0							
Revenue from the use of money and property 50,000 59,159 9,159 Charges for services 231,320 231,320 277,927 46,607 Miscellaneous 30,500 42,497 71,605 29,108 Recovered costs 616,000 621,000 709,650 88,650 Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth 4,680,259 4,701,463 4,640,726 (60,737) Federal 1,027,374 1,337,669 1,393,512 55,843 Total revenues 32,869,692 33,218,188 34,529,339 \$ 1,311,151 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration 776,684 779,492 731,991 47,501 Public safety 4,974,624 5,114,777 4,715,943 398,834 Public works 1,968,796 2,027,084 1,835,938 191,146 Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,298,039 338,889 Parks, recreation,							
Charges for services 231,320 231,320 277,927 46,607 Miscellaneous 30,500 42,497 71,055 29,108 Recovered costs 616,000 709,650 88,650 Intergovernmental revenues: 621,000 709,650 68,650 Commonwealth 4,680,259 4,701,463 4,640,726 60,737 Federal 1,027,374 1,337,669 1,393,512 55,843 Total revenues 32,869,692 33,218,188 34,529,339 1,311,151 EXPENDITURES Current: Ceneral government administration 1,719,963 1,757,503 1,633,671 123,832 Judicial administration 776,684 779,492 731,991 47,501 Public safety 4,974,624 5,114,777 4,715,943 398,834 Public works 1,968,796 2,027,084 1,835,938 191,146 Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,288,039 338,889						•	
Miscellaneous 30,500 42,497 71,605 29,108 Recovered costs 616,000 621,000 709,650 88,650 Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth 4,680,259 4,701,463 4,640,726 (60,737) Federal 1,027,374 1,337,669 1,393,512 55,843 Total revenues \$32,869,692 \$33,218,188 \$34,529,339 \$1,311,151 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration 771,664 779,492 731,991 47,501 Public safety 4,974,624 5,114,777 4,715,943 398,834 Public works 1,968,796 2,027,084 1,835,938 191,146 Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,636,928 14,298,039 338,899 Parks, recreation, and cultural 474,887 474,887 468,588 6,299 Community development 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>							•
Recovered costs 616,000 621,000 709,650 88,650 Ritergovernmental revenues:	· ·						
Name							
Commonwealth Federal 4,680,259 1,027,374 4,701,463 1,337,669 4,640,726 1,393,512 (60,737) 55,843 Total revenues \$32,869,692 \$33,218,188 \$34,529,339 \$1,311,151 EXPENDITURES Current: S S \$1,719,963 \$1,757,503 \$1,633,671 \$123,832 Judicial administration 776,684 779,492 731,991 47,501 Public safety 4,974,624 5,114,777 4,715,943 398,834 Public works 1,968,796 2,027,084 1,835,938 191,146 Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,636,928 14,298,039 338,899 Parks, recreation, and cultural 474,887 474,887 468,588 6,299 Community development 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 1,856,170 1,469,238 84,208 1,385,030 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$1,226,697 \$1,173,172 \$5,537,331			616,000	621,000		709,650	88,650
Total revenues 1,027,374 1,337,669 1,393,512 55,843	•		4 (00 050	4 701 4/2		4 (40 70)	((0.727)
Total revenues \$ 32,869,692 \$ 33,218,188 \$ 34,529,339 \$ 1,311,151 EXPENDITURES Current: S 1,719,963 \$ 1,757,503 \$ 1,633,671 \$ 123,832 Judicial administration 776,684 779,492 731,991 47,501 Public safety 4,974,624 5,114,777 4,715,943 398,834 Public works 1,968,796 2,027,084 1,835,938 191,146 Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,636,928 14,298,039 338,889 Parks, recreation, and cultural 474,887 474,887 468,588 6,299 Community development 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 1,856,170 1,469,238 84,208 1,385,030 Capital projects 31,642,995 \$ 32,045,016 \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159							
EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,719,963 \$ 1,757,503 \$ 1,633,671 \$ 123,832 Judicial administration 776,684 779,492 731,991 47,501 Public safety 4,974,624 5,114,777 4,715,943 398,834 Public works 1,968,796 2,027,084 1,835,938 191,146 Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,636,928 14,298,039 338,899 Parks, recreation, and cultural 474,887 474,887 468,588 6,299 Community development 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 1,856,170 1,469,238 84,208 1,385,038 Capital projects 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 Total expenditures \$ 31,642,995 \$ 32,045,016 \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	rederal		1,027,374	1,337,669		1,393,512	55,843
Current: General government administration Judicial administration Public safety A 4,776,684 T79,492 T31,991 A75,501 Public safety A,974,624 5,114,777 A,715,943 398,834 Public works 1,968,796 2,027,084 1,835,938 191,146 Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,636,928 14,298,039 338,889 Parks, recreation, and cultural 474,887 474,887 468,588 6,299 Community development 800,475 801,472 T71,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 1,856,170 1,469,238 84,208 1,385,030 Capital projects 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 31,642,995 \$ 32,045,016 \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out (3,506,560) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,279,863) \$ (2,333,388) \$ 2,130,771 \$ 4,464,159 Fund balances - beginning 2,279,863 2,333,388 20,507,836 18,174,448	Total revenues	\$_	32,869,692 \$	33,218,188	\$	34,529,339 \$	1,311,151
General government administration 1,719,963 1,757,503 1,633,671 123,832 Judicial administration 776,684 779,492 731,991 47,501 Public safety 4,974,624 5,114,777 4,715,943 398,834 Public works 1,968,796 2,027,084 1,835,938 191,146 Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,636,928 14,298,039 338,889 Parks, recreation, and cultural 474,887 474,887 468,588 6,299 Community development 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 1,856,170 1,469,238 84,208 1,385,030 Capital projects 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 Total expenditures 31,642,995 32,045,016 28,992,008 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,226,697 1,173,172 5,537,331 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (3,50	EXPENDITURES						
Judicial administration 776,684 779,492 731,991 47,501 Public safety 4,974,624 5,114,777 4,715,943 398,834 Public works 1,968,796 2,027,084 1,835,938 191,146 Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,636,928 14,298,039 338,899 Parks, recreation, and cultural 474,887 474,887 468,588 6,299 Community development 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 1,856,170 1,469,238 84,208 1,385,030 Capital projects 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 Total expenditures \$31,642,995 \$32,045,016 \$28,992,008 \$3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$1,226,697 \$1,173,172 \$5,537,331 \$4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$3,506,560 (3,506,560) (3,406,560) 100,000 Total other financing sources (uses)							
Public safety 4,974,624 5,114,777 4,715,943 398,834 Public works 1,968,796 2,027,084 1,835,938 191,146 Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,636,928 14,298,039 338,889 Parks, recreation, and cultural 474,887 474,887 468,588 6,299 Community development 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 1,856,170 1,469,238 84,208 1,385,030 Capital projects 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 Total expenditures 31,642,995 32,045,016 28,992,008 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,226,697 1,173,172 5,537,331 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 3 3,506,560 (3,506,560) (3,406,560) 100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) (3,506,560) (3,506,560) (3,406,560) 100,000 Net cha	•	\$			\$		
Public works 1,968,796 2,027,084 1,835,938 191,146 Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,636,928 14,298,039 338,889 Parks, recreation, and cultural 474,887 474,887 468,588 6,299 Community development 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 1,856,170 1,469,238 84,208 1,385,030 Capital projects 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 Total expenditures \$ 31,642,995 \$ 32,045,016 28,992,008 \$ 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Transfers out (3,506,560) (3,506,560) (3,406,560) 100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 4,464,159							
Health and welfare 2,436,800 2,436,800 2,502,319 (65,519) Education 14,636,928 14,636,928 14,298,039 338,889 Parks, recreation, and cultural 474,887 474,887 468,588 6,299 Community development 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 1,856,170 1,469,238 84,208 1,385,030 Capital projects 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 Total expenditures \$ 31,642,995 \$ 32,045,016 \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 3,506,5609 \$ 3,506,5609 \$ 3,406,5609 100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,279,863) \$ (2,333,388) 2,130,771 \$ 4,464,159 Fund balances - beginning 2,279,863 2,333,388 20,507,836 18	<u> </u>						
Education 14,636,928 14,636,928 14,299,039 338,889 Parks, recreation, and cultural 474,887 474,887 468,588 6,299 Community development 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 1,856,170 1,469,238 84,208 1,385,030 Capital projects 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 Total expenditures \$ 31,642,995 \$ 32,045,016 \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$							
Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development 474,887 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 474,887 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 84,208 1,385,030 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 1,000 1,0							
Community development 800,475 801,472 771,534 29,938 Nondepartmental 1,856,170 1,469,238 84,208 1,385,030 Capital projects 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 Total expenditures \$ 31,642,995 \$ 32,045,016 \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 Transfers out (3,506,560) (3,506,560) (3,406,560) 100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,279,863) \$ (2,333,388) \$ 2,130,771 \$ 4,464,159 Fund balances - beginning 2,279,863 2,333,388 20,507,836 18,174,448							
Nondepartmental Capital projects 1,856,170 1,469,238 2,546,835 84,208 1,385,030 1,385,030 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 Total expenditures \$ 31,642,995 \$ 32,045,016 \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$							
Capital projects 1,997,668 2,546,835 1,949,777 597,058 Total expenditures \$ 31,642,995 \$ 32,045,016 \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$							
Total expenditures \$ 31,642,995 \$ 32,045,016 \$ 28,992,008 \$ 3,053,008 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \ Transfers out \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,279,863) \$ (2,333,388) \$ 2,130,771 \$ 4,464,159 Fund balances - beginning \$ 2,279,863 \$ 2,333,388 \$ 20,507,836 \$ 18,174,448	•						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 \$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ - Transfers out \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 100,000 \$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 100,000 \$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 100,000 \$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Capital projects		1,997,668	2,546,835	_	1,949,777	597,058
expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Total expenditures	\$_	31,642,995 \$	32,045,016	\$	28,992,008 \$	3,053,008
expenditures \$ 1,226,697 \$ 1,173,172 \$ 5,537,331 \$ 4,364,159 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
Transfers in Transfers out \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	The state of the s	\$	1,226,697 \$	1,173,172	\$	5,537,331 \$	4,364,159
Transfers out (3,506,560) (3,506,560) (3,406,560) 100,000 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,279,863) \$ (2,333,388) \$ 2,130,771 \$ 4,464,159 Fund balances - beginning 2,279,863 2,333,388 20,507,836 18,174,448	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (3,506,560) \$ (3,406,560) \$ 100,000 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,279,863) \$ (2,333,388) \$ 2,130,771 \$ 4,464,159 Fund balances - beginning 2,279,863 2,333,388 20,507,836 18,174,448	Transfers in	\$	\$		\$	\$	-
Net change in fund balances \$ (2,279,863) \$ (2,333,388) \$ 2,130,771 \$ 4,464,159 Fund balances - beginning 2,279,863 2,333,388 20,507,836 18,174,448	Transfers out	_	(3,506,560)	(3,506,560)	_	(3,406,560)	100,000
Fund balances - beginning 2,279,863 2,333,388 20,507,836 18,174,448	Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(3,506,560) \$	(3,506,560)	\$	(3,406,560) \$	100,000
Fund balances - ending \$ - \$ - \$ 22,638,607 \$ 22.638.607	•	\$			\$		
	Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	<u> </u>	\$	22,638,607 \$	22,638,607

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$	446,356
Interest		1,144,445
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes in assumptions		_
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(806,440)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	784,361
Total pension liability - beginning		16,752,433
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	17,536,794
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	492,143
Contributions - employee		186,897
Net investment income		2,150,653
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(806,440)
Administrative expense		(11,582)
Other		113
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	2,011,784
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		13,670,265
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	15,682,049
3 (4)	· -	-,,
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,854,745
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability		89.42%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,722,008
County's net pension liability as a percentage of		
covered-employee payroll		49.83%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2014
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 154,252
Interest	424,255
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(270,446)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 308,061
Total pension liability - beginning	6,196,006
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 6,504,067
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 146,724
Contributions - employee	79,650
Net investment income	844,221
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(270,446)
Administrative expense	(4,543)
Other	45
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 795,651
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	5,362,477
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 6,158,128
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 345,939
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	
pension liability	94.68%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,594,791
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of	
covered-employee payroll	21.69%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2015^*

	 2015
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.15347%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 18,547,000
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	11,212,976
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	165%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Contractually Required Contribution	(Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	l	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
Date		(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)
Primary Go	vern	ment	-				_		
2015	\$	464,083	\$	464,083	\$	-	\$	3,769,969	12.31%
Component	t Uni	t School Board	(non	professional)					
2015	\$	129,098	\$	129,098	\$	-	\$	1,535,050	8.41%
Component Unit School Board (professional)									
2015	\$	1,606,740	\$	1,606,740	\$	-	\$	11,080,965	14.50%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

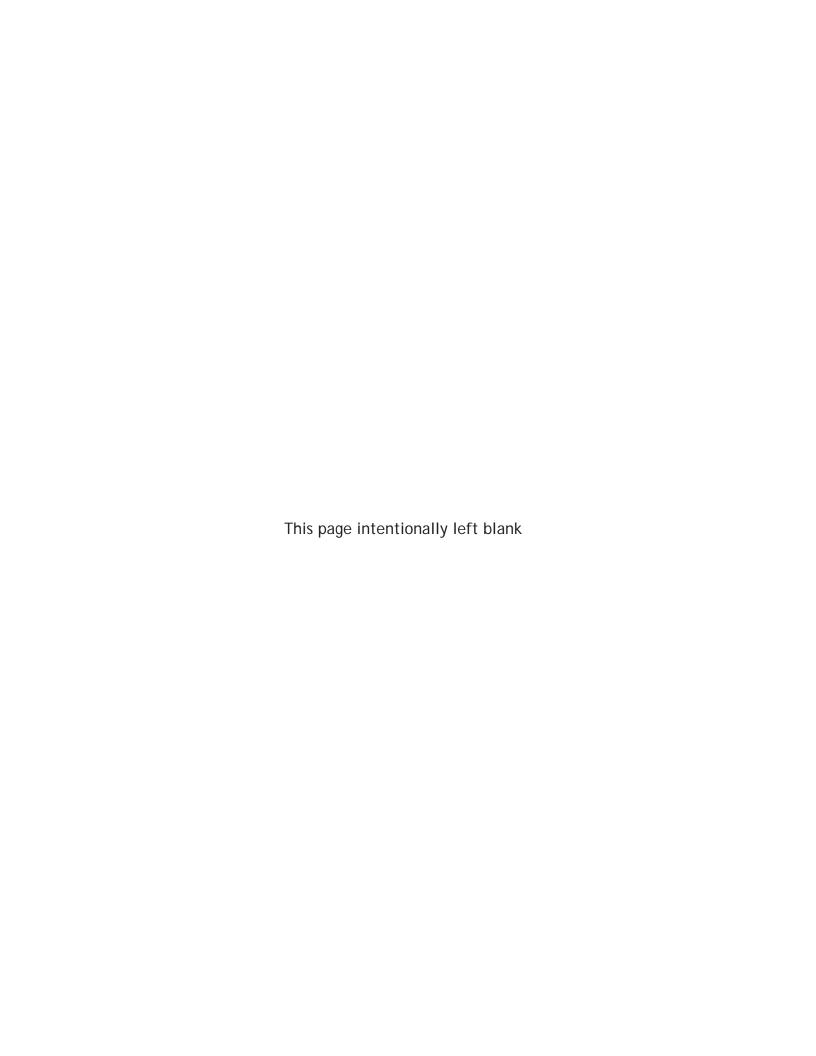
County Retiree Healthcare Plan

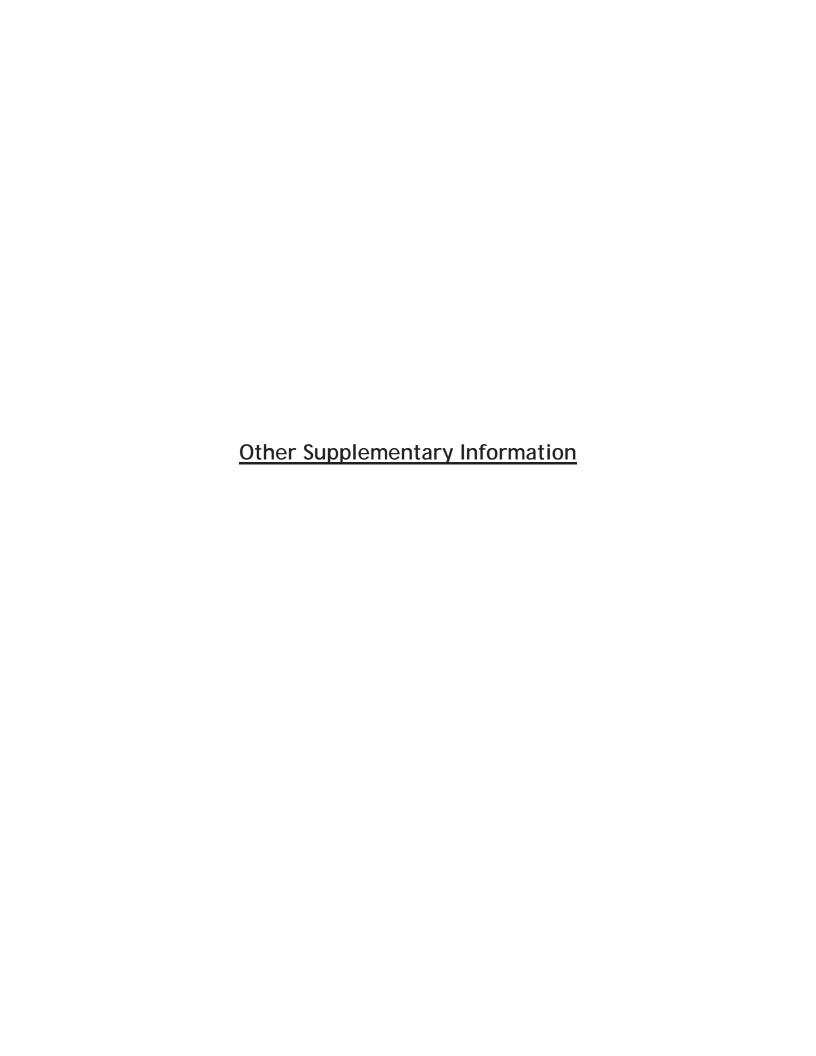
			Unfunded			
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			UAAL
	Value of	Accrued	Accrued			as a % of
Actuarial	Assets	Liability	Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation Date	(AVA)	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
	 (a)	 (b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
January 1, 2011	\$ -	\$ 422,000 \$	422,000	0.00% \$	3,213,000	13.13%
January 1, 2013	-	545,700	545,700	0.00%	3,270,200	16.69%
January 1, 2015	-	603,500	603,500	0.00%	3,747,800	16.10%

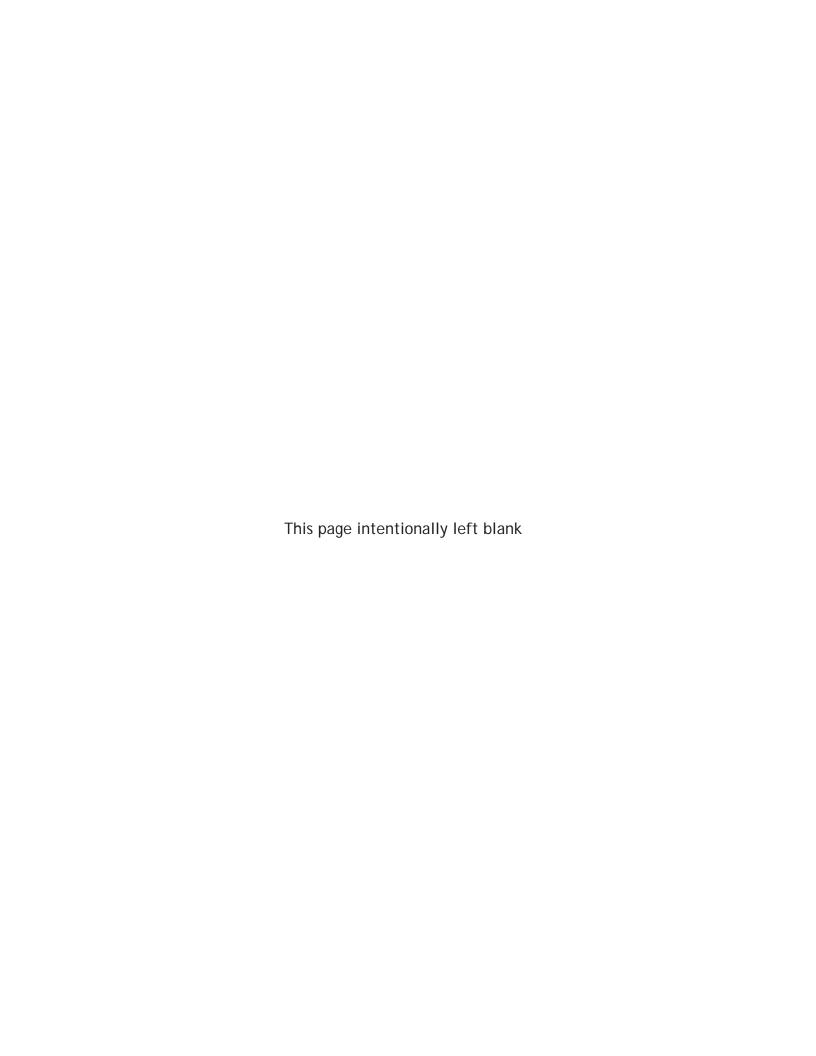
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT:

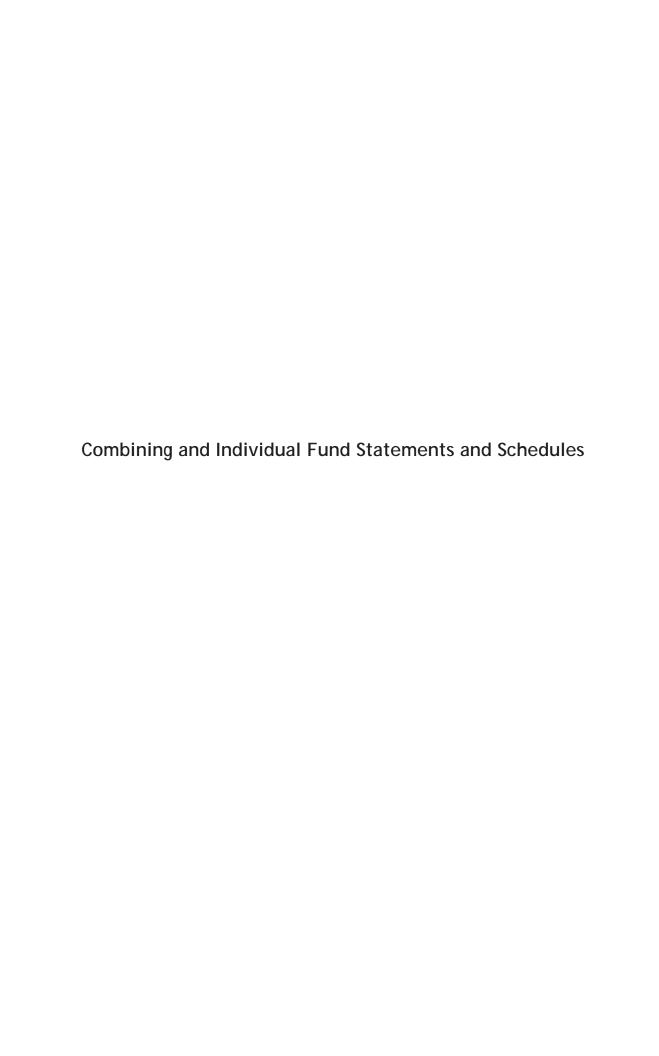
School Board Retiree Healthcare Plan

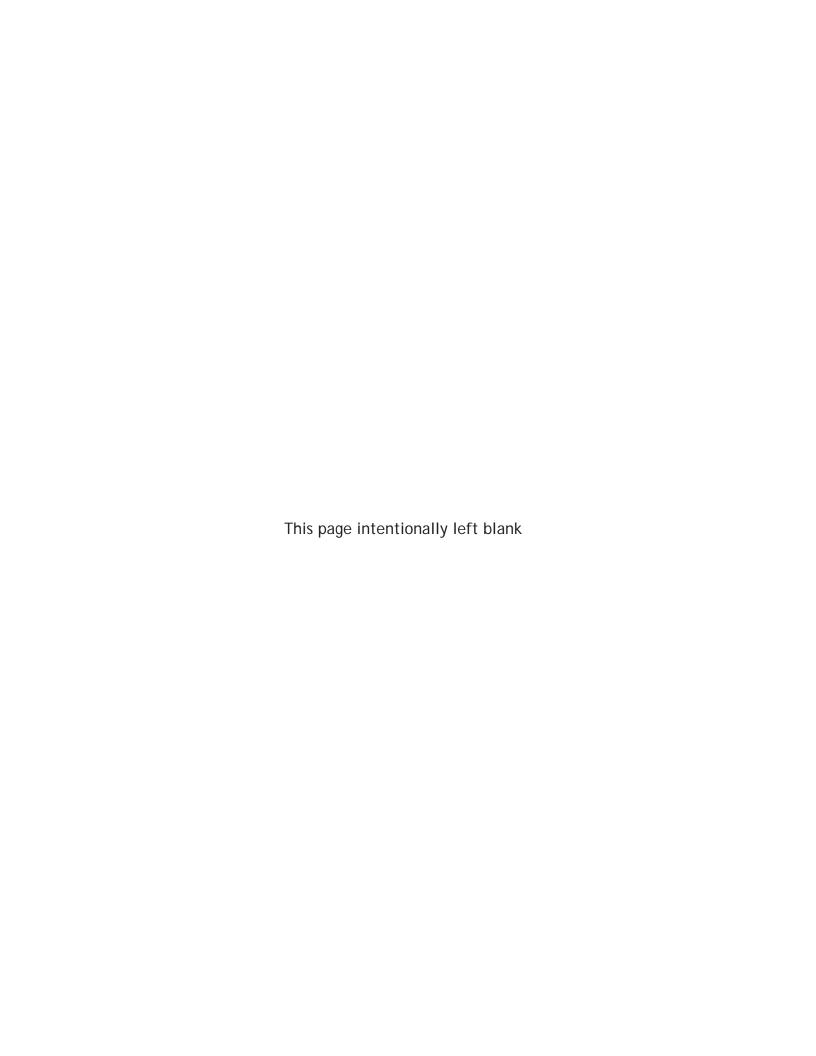
			Unfunded			
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			UAAL
	Value of	Accrued	Accrued			as a % of
Actuarial	Assets	Liability	Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation Date	(AVA)	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
January 1, 2011	\$ -	\$ 1,151,100 \$	1,151,100	0.00% \$	12,281,000	9.37%
January 1, 2013	-	1,274,900	1,274,900	0.00%	12,329,100	10.34%
January 1, 2015	-	785,400	785,400	0.00%	12,802,200	6.13%











Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

								Variance with Final Budget -
		Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Positive
		Original		Final	•	Amounts		(Negative)
EXPENDITURES						_		
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	2,199,184	\$	2,199,184	\$	2,199,184	\$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	1,067,376	_	1,067,376	_	1,061,125	_	6,251
Total expenditures	\$_	3,266,560	\$_	3,266,560	\$	3,260,309	\$_	6,251
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(3,266,560)	¢	(3,266,560)	¢	(3,260,309)	¢	6,251
experiortures	Φ_	(3,200,300)	Φ_	(3,200,300)	Φ_	(3,200,304)	Φ_	0,251
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	3,266,560	\$	3,266,560	\$_	3,266,560	\$_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	3,266,560	\$_	3,266,560	\$	3,266,560	\$_	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,251	\$	6,251
Fund balances - beginning	_	-	_		_	185,235	_	185,235
Fund balances - ending	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	191,486	\$_	191,486

Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget -	
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	48	\$_	48	\$_	54	\$	6	
Total revenues	\$	48	\$_	48	\$	54	\$	6	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital projects	\$	1,602,940	\$	1,602,940	\$	418,536	\$	1,184,404	
Total expenditures	\$_	1,602,940	\$	1,602,940	\$	418,536	\$	1,184,404	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	(1,602,892)	\$	(1,602,892)	\$	(418,482)	\$	1,184,410	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	-	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,602,892)	\$	(1,602,892)	\$	(418,482)	\$	1,184,410	
Fund balances - beginning	_	1,602,892	_	1,602,892	_	1,577,023		(25,869)	
Fund balances - ending	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	1,158,541	\$	1,158,541	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Housing Improvement Fund							
	_	Budgete	d Aı				Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
DEMENUES	_	Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental revenues:					.				
Federal	\$_	-	\$	-	\$ <u> </u>	- \$			
Total revenues	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	\$			
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Community development	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$			
Total expenditures	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	\$			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	- \$			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	\$			
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	-	\$	- \$	-		
Fund balances - beginning	_	-	_	-		50	50		
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50_\$	50		

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds At June 30, 2015

		Agend				
		Special		EMS	-	
	_	Welfare	_	Loan Fund		Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	39,651	\$	246,929	\$	286,580
Other receivables	_	1,582	_	-	_	1,582
Total assets	\$	41,233	\$_	246,929	\$_	288,162
Liabilities						
Amounts held for others	\$	41,233	\$_	246,929	\$_	288,162
Total liabilities	\$	41,233	\$	246,929	\$	288,162

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_	Balance Beginning of Year		Additions	_	Deletions		Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund:								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,573	\$	47,873	\$	43,795	\$	39,651
Other receivables		1,203	_	1,582	_	1,203	_	1,582
Total assets	\$	36,776	\$	49,455	\$	44,998	\$	41,233
Liabilities								
Amounts held for others	\$	36,776	\$_	49,455	\$_	44,998	\$_	41,233
EMS Loan Fund:								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	374,009	\$_	122,920	\$_	250,000	\$_	246,929
Liabilities								
Amounts held for others	\$	374,009	\$_	122,920	\$	250,000	\$_	246,929
Total Agency Funds								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	409,582	\$	170,793	\$	293,795	\$	286,580
Other receivables		1,203	_	1,582	_	1,203	_	1,582
Total assets	_	410,785		172,375	: =	294,998		288,162
Liabilities								
Amounts held for others	\$	410,785	\$_	172,375	\$_	294,998	\$_	288,162

Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board Balance Sheet At June 30, 2015

	_	School Operating Fund
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,293,043
Receivables:		
Accounts receivable		103,238
Due from other governments		531,584
Inventories		41,718
Prepaid items		18,175
Total assets	\$_	1,987,758
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	107,058
Accrued liabilities		825,145
Due to primary government	_	564,135
Total liabilities	\$_	1,496,338
Fund balance		
Nonspendable	\$	59,893
Committed		471,608
Unassigned		(40,081)
Total fund balances	\$_	491,420
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	1,987,758

Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position At June 30, 2015

At June 30, 2015				
Total fund balance for governmental fund (Exhibit 20)			\$	491,420
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund. Those assets consist of:				
Land and improvements	\$	851,210		
Buildings and improvements, net of depreciation		26,932,737		
Equipment, net of depreciation		1,465,768		
School Board capital assets in primary government, net of depreciation	_	(12,747,624)	_	16,502,091
Items related to measurement of net pension liability not available to pay for current-period expenditures				(3,128,438)
current-period experiorures				(3,120,430)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to/increase in the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				1,735,838
Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities.				
Compensated absences	\$	(341,328)		
Energy improvement lease		(1,961,526)		
Net pension liability		(18,892,939)		
Adjustment for changes in proportionate share of net pension liability		577,000		
Net OPEB obligation	_	(285,601)		(20,904,394)
Total net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)			\$_	(5,303,483)

Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	School Operating Fund
Revenues	
Revenue from the use of money and property \$	24
Charges for services	431,808
Miscellaneous	289,493
Recovered costs	269,869
Intergovernmental:	
Appropriations from primary government	14,295,439
Commonwealth	8,305,204
Federal	1,760,398
Total revenues \$	25,352,235
Expenditures	
Current:	
Education	
Instruction \$	16,038,109
Administration, attendance and health	1,187,707
Transportation	2,419,018
Facilities operations	2,690,530
School food services	1,029,484
Facilities	56,535
Technology	1,640,739
Debt service:	
Principal retirement	103,447
Interest and other fiscal charges	43,844
Total expenditures \$	25,209,413
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	
expenditures \$	142,822
Fund balance, beginning of year	348,598
Fund balance, end of year	491,420

Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balance - total governmental fund (Exhibit 22)

142,822

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

Capital asset additions 504,269 Depreciation expense (1,233,285)(729,016)

Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit School Board

1,035,000

(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability/asset

(3,128,438)

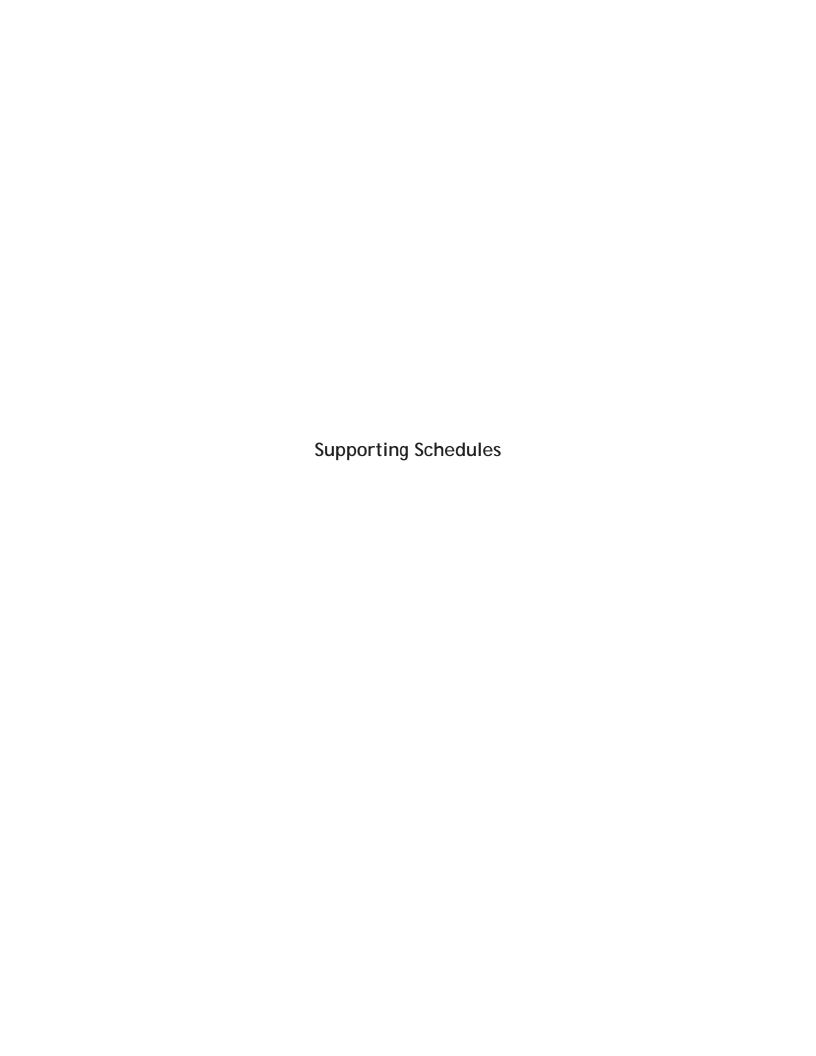
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the net changes of the following:

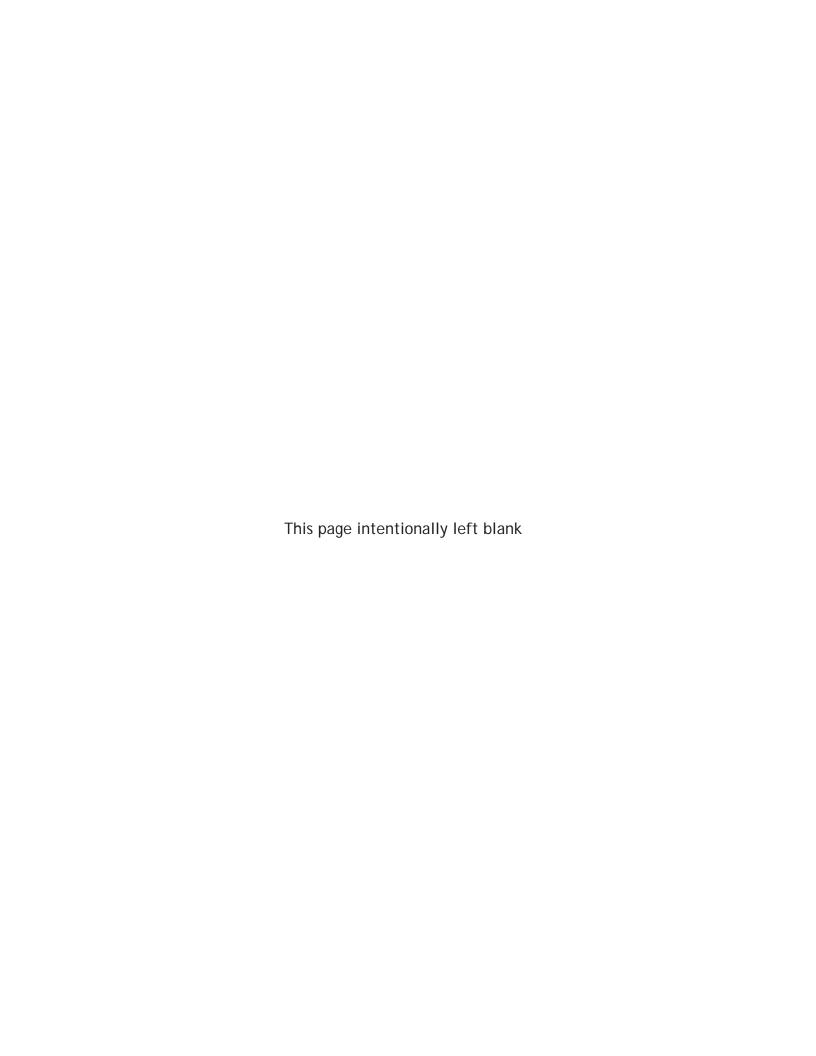
Compensated absences	\$	13,908	
Energy improvement lease		103,447	
Decrease (increase) in net pension liability		2,377,590	
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows related to pension payments			
subsequent to the measurement date		856,114	
Net OPEB obligation		(45,400)	3,305,659
	·		_
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)		\$	626 027

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)

Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

				School Op	era	iting Fund		
	_							Variance with
								Final Budget
	_	Budgeted	l Aı	mounts	-			Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	25	\$	-	\$	24	\$	24
Charges for services		598,603		589,699		431,808		(157,891)
Miscellaneous		442,700		416,595		289,493		(127,102)
Recovered costs		103,101		269,869		269,869		-
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		14,634,328		14,634,328		14,295,439		(338,889)
Commonwealth		8,482,855		8,475,571		8,305,204		(170,367)
Federal	_	1,662,951	_	1,537,951		1,760,398	_	222,447
Total revenues	\$_	25,924,563	\$_	25,924,013	\$_	25,352,235	\$_	(571,778)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education								
Instruction	\$	17,096,706	\$	16,986,316	\$	16,038,109	\$	948,207
Administration, attendance and health		1,213,733		1,201,260		1,187,707		13,553
Transportation		2,584,509		2,585,761		2,419,018		166,743
Facilities operations		2,802,334		2,769,645		2,690,530		79,115
School food services		1,115,898		1,320,657		1,029,484		291,173
Facilities		-		94,156		56,535		37,621
Technology		1,137,276		992,661		1,640,739		(648,078)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		103,447		103,447		103,447		-
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	43,844	_	43,844		43,844	_	-
Total expenditures	\$_	26,097,747	\$ <u>_</u>	26,097,747	\$_	25,209,413	\$_	888,334
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$_	(173,184)	\$_	(173,734)	\$_	142,822	\$_	316,556
Fund balances - beginning	_	184,850	_	186,500	_	348,598	_	162,098
Fund balances - ending	\$_	11,666	\$	12,766	\$	491,420	\$_	478,654





Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
General property taxes:						
Real property taxes	\$	17,166,152	\$	17,166,152 \$	17,582,887 \$	416,735
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		528,790		528,790	800,468	271,678
Personal property taxes		3,575,582		3,575,582	3,672,666	97,084
Mobile home taxes		30,000		30,000	32,755	2,755
Machinery and tools taxes		8,000		8,000	12,645	4,645
Penalties		170,000		170,000	195,457	25,457
Interest		165,000		165,000	165,898	898
Total general property taxes	\$	21,643,524	\$_	21,643,524 \$	22,462,776 \$	819,252
Other local taxes:						
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,069,590	\$	1,069,590 \$	1,125,811 \$	56,221
Consumers' utility taxes		460,711		460,711	471,128	10,417
Business license taxes		30,000		30,000	33,870	3,870
Utility franchise taxes		89,000		89,000	99,348	10,348
Motor vehicle licenses		716,064		716,064	716,630	566
Bank franchise tax		60,000		60,000	91,266	31,266
Taxes on recordation and wills		220,000		220,000	226,803	6,803
Transient occupancy tax		420,000		420,000	514,579	94,579
Meals tax		920,000		920,000	976,490	56,490
Street light tax	_	-		-	1,016	1,016
Total other local taxes	\$	3,985,365	\$_	3,985,365 \$	4,256,941 \$	271,576
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:						
Animal licenses	\$	8,000	\$	8,000 \$	13,346 \$	5,346
Dog pound fees		2,000		2,000	1,553	(447)
Land use application fees		80,000		80,000	83,291	3,291
Transfer fees		750		750	885	135
Zoning & Subdivision fees		10,000		10,000	12,070	2,070
Building permits		115,000		115,000	143,960	28,960
Building inspection fees		7,000		7,000	8,653	1,653
Special use permits		1,000		1,000	8,575	7,575
Well & Septic fees		5,000		5,000	5,575	575
Land disturbing fees		8,000		8,000	7,793	(207)
Tourism collections	_	6,000		6,000	3,482	(2,518)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	242,750	\$_	242,750 \$	289,183 \$	46,433
Fines and forfeitures:						
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	362,600	\$_	362,600 \$	367,860 \$	5,260
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	362,600	\$_	362,600 \$	367,860 \$	5,260
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from use of money	\$	50,000	\$	50,000 \$	42,104 \$	(7,896)
Revenue from use of property		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	17,055	17,055
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	50,000	\$	50,000 \$	59,159 \$	9,159
			_	· 		

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)						
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)						
Charges for services:						
Sheriff's fees	\$	6,000	\$	6,000 \$	7,418 \$	1,418
Law library fees		2,500		2,500	3,245	745
Courthouse maintenance fees		8,000		8,000	9,695	1,695
Document reproduction fees		3,500		3,500	2,998	(502)
Excess fees paid to Circuit Court		-		-	38	38
Court appointed attorney fees		200		200	1,981	1,781
Fingerprint/Report fees		200		200	204	4
Cost of postage - Circuit Court		-		-	43	43
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		800		800	1,234	434
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		160,000		160,000	194,609	34,609
Charges for parks and recreation		50,000		50,000	56,038	6,038
Sale of literature	_	120		120	424	304
Total charges for services	\$_	231,320	\$_	231,320 \$	277,927 \$	46,607
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Expenditure refunds	\$	15,000	\$	15,000 \$	23,301 \$	8,301
Other miscellaneous		15,500		27,497	48,304	20,807
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	30,500	\$_	42,497 \$	71,605 \$	29,108
Recovered costs:						
DSS Reimbursement	\$	75,000	\$	75,000 \$	76,981 \$	1,981
School Resource officer and other costs		25,000		25,000	21,702	(3,298)
Jaunt Wintergreen		23,000		23,000	28,103	5,103
Colleen water & sewer connection fees		20,000		20,000	24,000	4,000
DMV stop fees		18,000		18,000	28,448	10,448
EMS revenue recovery		450,000		450,000	520,664	70,664
Forest Service Coop. agreement		5,000		5,000	4,552	(448)
Other recovered costs		-		5,000	5,200	200
Total recovered costs	\$_	616,000	\$_	621,000 \$	709,650 \$	88,650
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	27,162,059	\$_	27,179,056 \$	28,495,101 \$	1,316,045
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Payments in lieu of taxes						
Timber sales	\$_	-	\$_	- \$	5,463 \$	5,463
Total payments in lieu of taxes	\$	-	\$_	- \$	5,463 \$	5,463
Noncategorical aid:						
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	98,000	\$	98,000 \$	107,363 \$	9,363
Mobile home titling tax	•	10,000		10,000	6,552	(3,448)
Tax on deeds		65,000		65,000	58,724	(6,276)
Communication sales & use tax		480,000		480,000	472,417	(7,583)
Personal property tax relief funds		1,708,030		1,708,030	1,708,030	-
Vehicle rental tax	_	-		<u> </u>	267	267
Total noncategorical aid	\$	2,361,030	\$	2,361,030 \$	2,353,353 \$	(7,677)
•	_					

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental (continued): Revenue from the Commonwealth (continued): Categorical aid: Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's attorney Sheriff	\$	213,720 \$ 773,134	213,720 \$ 773,134	212,362 \$ 773,139	(1,358) 5
Commissioner of revenue		82,518	82,518	83,032	514
Treasurer		87,412	87,412	89,192	1,780
Registrar/electoral board		34,109	34,109	35,480	1,371
Clerk of the Circuit Court		196,672	196,672	205,750	9,078
Total shared expenses	\$	1,387,565 \$	1,387,565 \$	1,398,955 \$	11,390
Welfare: Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	319,354 \$	319,354 \$	298,138 \$	(21,216)
Other categorical aid:					
E911 wireless grant	\$	40,000 \$	40,000 \$	42,117 \$	2,117
Fire programs		46,000	46,000	47,586	1,586
Four for life		18,000	18,000	16,164	(1,836)
Litter control grant		6,702	6,702	6,683	(19)
Victim-witness grant		21,990	21,990	6,815	(15,175)
VJCCCA Dept - Juvenile Justice		10,364	10,364	10,049	(315)
Comprehensive services act Performance arts grant		463,854 5,000	463,854 5,000	433,553 5,000	(30,301)
Other categorical		400	21,604	16,850	- (4,754)
Total other categorical aid	\$	612,310 \$	633,514 \$	584,817 \$	(48,697)
Total other categorical aid Total categorical aid	\$ \$	2,319,229 \$	2,340,433 \$	2,281,910 \$	(58,523)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ \$	4,680,259 \$	4,701,463 \$	4,640,726 \$	(60,737)
Revenue from the federal government: Noncategorical aid:	· <u> </u>		· · ·	·.	<u> </u>
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	54,000 \$	54,000 \$	54,157 \$	157
Categorical aid:	_				
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	479,030 \$	479,030 \$	525,105 \$	46,075
Victim witness program		-	-	14,899	14,899
Sheriff's grants		-	16,889	9,564	(7,325)
FEMA disaster relief		-		1,845	1,845
Sheriff's Byrne Grant		-	2,215	29,327	27,112
Recreational trails program		-	6,602	5,614	(988)
Trail grant (TEA-21)		-	56,661	56,660	(1)
Tunnel Grant (TEA-21)		494,344	722,272	696,341	(25,931)
Total categorical aid	\$	973,374 \$	1,283,669 \$	1,339,355 \$	55,686
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,027,374 \$	1,337,669 \$	1,393,512 \$	55,843
Total General Fund	\$	32,869,692 \$	33,218,188 \$	34,529,339 \$	1,311,151

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money	¢	48	¢	48 \$	54 \$	4
Total revenue from local sources	\$_ \$	48		48 \$	54 \$	6
Total Capital Improvements Fund	* <u>-</u> \$	48	-	48 \$	54 \$	6
Total Primary Government	*= \$	32,869,740		33,218,236 \$	34,529,393 \$	1,311,157
·		02/007/710	= =	Ψ		1,011,107
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$	25	\$	- \$	24 \$	24
·	Ť-		- * –			
Charges for services: Charges for education	\$	17,775	¢	31,525 \$	4,000 \$	(27,525)
Charges for cafeteria	Ф	580,828	Ф	558,174	4,000 \$	
•	_					(130,366)
Total charges for services	\$_	598,603	_	589,699 \$	431,808 \$	(157,891)
Miscellaneous revenue:	Φ.	440.700	Φ.	41/ FOF ¢	200 402 Ф	(107, 100)
Other miscellaneous	\$_	442,700		416,595 \$	289,493 \$	(127,102)
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	442,700	_	416,595 \$	289,493 \$	(127,102)
Recovered costs:						
Other recovered costs	\$_	103,101	\$_	269,869 \$	269,869 \$	
Total recovered costs	\$	103,101	\$_	269,869 \$	269,869 \$	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	1,144,429	\$_	1,276,163 \$	991,194 \$	(284,969)
Intergovernmental:						
Revenues from local governments:						
Contribution from County of Nelson, Virginia	\$_	14,634,328	_ \$ _	14,634,328 \$	14,295,439 \$	(338,889)
Total revenues from local governments	\$	14,634,328	\$_	14,634,328 \$	14,295,439 \$	(338,889)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:		4 004 450		1 004 150 4	0.010.500 +	0.4.4.0
Share of state sales tax	\$	1,994,458	\$	1,994,458 \$	2,018,598 \$	24,140
Basic school aid GED funding		3,984,796 15,717		3,983,982 15,717	3,863,316 15,717	(120,666)
Remedial summer education		40,840		43,842	43,726	(116)
Regular foster care		124,616		45,952	45,952	(110)
Gifted and talented		38,808		38,781	37,870	(911)
Remedial education		127,158		122,980	124,086	1,106
Special education		492,943		492,600	481,034	(11,566)
Textbook payment		79,449		78,869	77,529	(1,340)
Vocational standards of quality payments		115,598		115,518	112,805	(2,713)
Social security fringe benefits		230,370		230,210	224,805	(5,405)
Retirement fringe benefits		472,300		467,846	456,861	(10,985)
Group life insurance instructional		15,688		14,852	14,504	(348)
Early reading intervention		23,253		23,237	21,870	(1,367)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental (Continued):					
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)					
Categorical aid: (Continued)					
VPSA technology \$	154,000	\$	154,000 \$	154,000 \$	
Homebound education	11,128		11,121	10,230	(891)
Regional program tuition	90,171		90,108	83,341	(6,767)
Vocational education - equipment	-		-	6,348	6,348
Vocational education - occupational/tech ed	41,403		42,461	36,583	(5,878)
Special education - foster children	-		78,664	39,595	(39,069)
School food	17,724		10,965	15,478	4,513
At risk payments	140,285		140,188	136,854	(3,334)
Algebra readiness	16,826		16,826	18,250	1,424
Pre-school initiative	93,000		97,470	96,000	(1,470)
Primary class size	142,627		145,272	143,309	(1,963)
Other state funds	19,697	_	19,652	26,543	6,891
Total categorical aid \$_	8,482,855	\$	8,475,571 \$	8,305,204 \$	(170,367)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$_	8,482,855	\$	8,475,571 \$	8,305,204 \$	(170,367)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Forest reserve \$	5,500	\$	5,203 \$	3,882 \$	(1,321)
Title 1/A grants to LEAs	424,448		424,448	456,636	32,188
IDEA 611 flow-through (Title VI-B)	470,468		470,468	485,467	14,999
Title 1 - Carl Perkins vocational	33,981		34,056	35,519	1,463
Preschool grants/special ed	27,805		27,805	18,127	(9,678)
Title III language acquisition	69,952		69,952	34,815	(35,137)
Title II part A	90,797		90,797	91,177	380
Advance placement grant	-		222	222	-
School food	540,000		415,000	577,693	162,693
School food commodities	-			56,860	56,860
Total categorical aid \$_	1,662,951	\$	1,537,951 \$	1,760,398 \$	222,447
Total School Operating Fund \$_	25,924,563	\$	25,924,013 \$	25,352,235 \$	(571,778)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: General government administration: Legislative: Board of supervisors	\$	120,166	\$	140,166	\$	128,435	\$	11,731
General and financial administration: County administrator County attorney Commissioner of revenue Board of equalization Treasurer Finance and accounting Technology Land use panel	\$	321,735 85,000 245,890 810 335,532 268,220 219,339 4,506	_	321,735 91,540 245,890 810 346,532 268,220 219,339 4,506	_	319,699 91,180 239,313 - 346,046 220,110 174,705 3,746		2,036 360 6,577 810 486 48,110 44,634 760
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,481,032	\$	1,498,572	\$_	1,394,799	\$_	103,773
Board of elections: Board of elections Registrar	\$	31,297 87,468	\$	31,297 87,468	\$	25,487 84,950	\$	5,810 2,518
Total board of elections	\$	118,765	\$	118,765	\$_	110,437	\$_	8,328
Total general government administration	\$	1,719,963	\$_	1,757,503	\$_	1,633,671	\$	123,832
Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit court General district court VJCCA Juvenile and domestic relations court Magistrate Clerk of the circuit court	\$	30,292 4,328 40,566 6,327 325 346,802	\$	30,292 4,328 42,065 6,327 325 346,802	\$	22,733 3,245 30,963 4,925 1 327,272	\$	7,559 1,083 11,102 1,402 324 19,530
Total courts	\$	428,640	\$	430,139	\$_	389,139	\$	41,000
Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney Total commonwealth's attorney	\$_ \$_	348,044 348,044	_	349,353 349,353	_	342,852 342,852		6,501 6,501
Total judicial administration	\$	776,684	\$_	779,492	\$_	731,991	\$_	47,501
Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff E-911 Emergency services council Emergency services T.J. EMS Council Fire protection Paid EMS Forestry service	\$	1,532,697 331,442 656,600 421,692 19,629 156,000 686,479 20,821	\$	1,619,277 331,442 667,400 421,692 19,629 156,000 729,252 20,821	\$	1,612,807 229,227 664,592 399,125 19,629 156,000 729,251 20,821	\$	6,470 102,215 2,808 22,567 - - 1

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

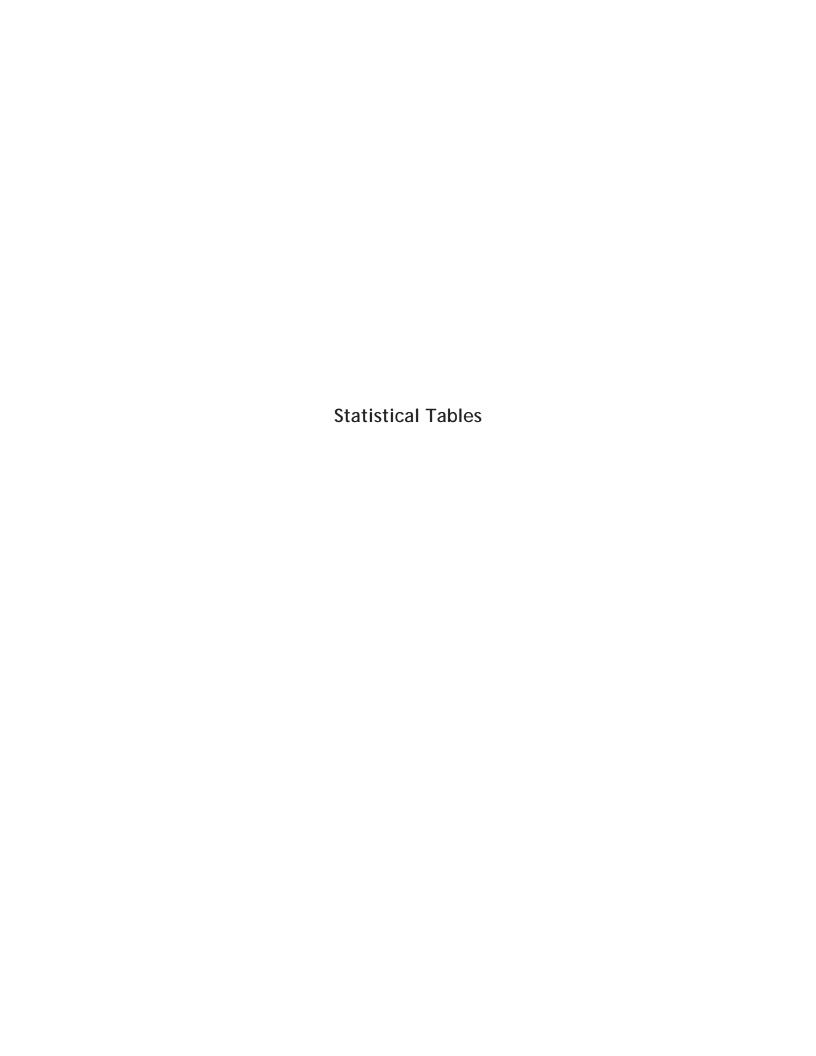
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

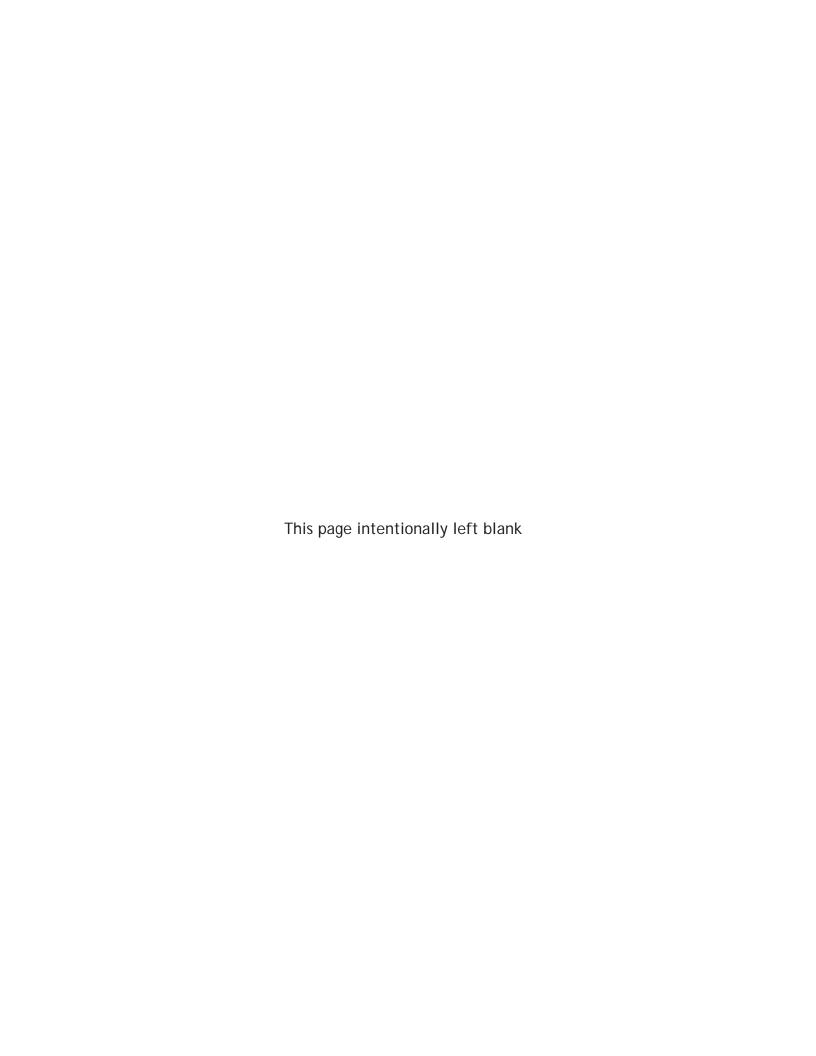
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Public safety: (Continued) Law enforcement and traffic control: (Continued) Regional jail services Building inspector Animal control OAR/Jefferson Area Community Corrections Medical examiner	\$	759,636 \$ 220,518 165,681 3,269 160	759,636 \$ 220,518 165,681 3,269 160	533,152 \$ 209,810 138,120 3,269 140	226,484 10,708 27,561 - 20
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$_	4,974,624 \$	5,114,777 \$	4,715,943	398,834
Total public safety	\$_	4,974,624 \$	5,114,777 \$	4,715,943	398,834
Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: Automotive/motor pool Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges & sidewalks	\$_ \$_	230,500 \$	288,788 \$ 288,788 \$	229,251 \$ 229,251 \$	
Sanitation and waste removal: Refuse collection and disposal	\$_	1,025,072 \$	1,025,072 \$	961,932	63,140
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$_	1,025,072 \$	1,025,072 \$	961,932	63,140
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties	\$_	713,224 \$	713,224 \$	644,755	68,469
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$_	713,224 \$	713,224 \$	644,755	68,469
Total public works	\$_	1,968,796 \$	2,027,084 \$	1,835,938	191,146
Health and welfare: Health:					
Health department	\$_	244,301 \$	244,301 \$	244,301	
Total health	\$_	244,301 \$	244,301 \$	244,301	
Mental health and mental retardation: Region Ten community services board	\$_	92,586 \$	92,586 \$	92,586	
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$_	92,586 \$	92,586 \$	92,586	

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Health and welfare (Continued): Welfare:								
Public assistance and administration MACAA Senior center meals At risk youth program Shelter for help JAUNT JABA Sexual assult resource agency CASA of Central Virginia Community service Tax relief for the elderly Total welfare	\$	1,138,354 29,914 22,041 713,700 7,644 83,495 96,500 765 2,500 5,000		1,138,354 29,914 22,041 713,700 7,644 83,495 96,500 765 2,500 5,000		1,039,913 29,914 22,041 693,879 7,644 83,495 96,500 765 2,500 4,406 184,375	_	98,441 - 19,821 - - - - - 594 (184,375) (65,519)
Total health and welfare	*_ \$	2,436,800		2,436,800	-	2,502,319	_	(65,519)
Education: Other instructional costs: Community College Appropriation to public school system Total education	\$ - \$	2,600 14,634,328 14,636,928	\$	2,600 14,634,328 14,636,928	\$	2,600 14,295,439 14,298,039	\$	338,889
Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Parks and recreation	\$	204,203	\$	204,203	\$	198,120	\$	6,083
Total parks and recreation	\$	204,203	\$	204,203	\$	198,120	\$	6,083
Cultural enrichment: Wintergreen Performing Arts	\$_	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	
Total cultural enrichment	\$_	10,000	\$	10,000	\$_	10,000	\$_	
Library: Regional library	\$_	260,684	\$_	260,684	\$_	260,468	\$_	216
Total library	\$_	260,684	\$	260,684	\$_	260,468	\$_	216
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$_	474,887	\$_	474,887	\$_	468,588	\$_	6,299
Community development: Planning and community development: Planning Community development Thomas Jefferson Planning District Commission Virginia Institute of Government Colleen water/sewer subsidy Central Virginia Small Business Development Center Anti-litter program Nelson County Economic Development Authority Central Virginia Partnership for Economic Development Crozet Tunnel Foundation Nelson County Community Development Foundation	\$	156,802 294,825 17,740 1,000 162,812 7,500 6,702 5,000 10,000 -	\$	156,802 294,825 17,740 1,000 162,812 7,500 6,702 5,000 10,000 997 55,729	\$	140,752 287,697 17,740 1,000 162,812 7,500 - 5,000 10,000 997 55,729	\$	16,050 7,128 - - - - - 6,702 - - -
Total planning and community development	\$	718,110	\$	719,107	\$	689,227	\$	29,880
, J	· –	, -			-	· · · · · ·	_	

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Community development: (Continued) Environmental management:					
Contribution to soil and water district	\$_	31,500 \$	31,500 \$	31,500	\$
Total environmental management	\$_	31,500 \$	31,500 \$	31,500	\$
Cooperative extension program: Extension office	\$_	50,865 \$	50,865_\$	50,807	\$58_
Total cooperative extension program	\$_	50,865 \$	50,865 \$	50,807	\$58_
Total community development	\$_	800,475 \$	801,472 \$	771,534	\$ 29,938
Nondepartmental: Refunds Reserve for contingency Other nondepartmental Total nondepartmental	\$ - \$	30,000 \$ 1,789,287 36,883 1,856,170 \$	30,000 \$ 1,402,355 36,883 1,469,238 \$	22,421 S 21,416 40,371 84,208 S	\$ 7,579 1,380,939 (3,488) \$ 1,385,030
Capital projects: Blue Ridge Tunnel (TEA-21) Purchase of property Solid waste truck Emergency services vehicles Public safety radio project Maintenance equipment Other capital projects	\$	494,344 \$ - 90,000 330,000 920,824 82,000 80,500	778,933 \$ 120,023 90,000 442,453 920,824 82,000 112,602	772,048 5 120,023 98,032 420,997 440,288 40,481 57,908	\$ 6,885 - (8,032) 21,456 480,536 41,519 54,694
Total capital projects	\$_	1,997,668 \$	2,546,835 \$	1,949,777	\$ 597,058
Total General Fund Debt Service Fund: Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges	\$ \$ -	31,642,995 \$ 2,199,184 \$ 1,067,376	32,045,016 \$ 2,199,184 \$ 1,067,376	2,199,184 1,061,125	6,251
Total Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund: Capital projects expenditures: Courthouse construction	\$ =	3,266,560 \$ 705,000 \$	3,266,560 \$ 705,000 \$	3,260,309 \$ 418,536 \$	
Contingencies	_	897,940	897,940	-	897,940
Total capital projects	\$_	1,602,940 \$	1,602,940 \$	418,536	\$1,184,404
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$_	1,602,940 \$	1,602,940 \$	418,536	\$ 1,184,404
Total Primary Government	\$_	36,512,495 \$	36,914,516 \$	32,670,853	\$ 4,243,663

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	 Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:							
Instruction costs: Instructional costs	\$	17,096,706	\$	16,986,316	\$	16,038,109	\$ 948,207
Total instruction costs	\$_	17,096,706	\$	16,986,316	\$	16,038,109	\$ 948,207
Operating costs: Administration, attendance and health services Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance of school plant School food Facilities Technology	\$	1,213,733 2,584,509 2,802,334 1,115,898 - 1,137,276	\$	1,201,260 2,585,761 2,769,645 1,320,657 94,156 992,661	\$	1,187,707 2,419,018 2,690,530 1,029,484 56,535 1,640,739	\$ 13,553 166,743 79,115 291,173 37,621 (648,078)
Total operating costs	\$_	8,853,750	\$	8,964,140	\$	9,024,013	\$ (59,873)
Total education	\$_	25,950,456	\$_	25,950,456	\$_	25,062,122	\$ 888,334
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service	\$ _ \$_	103,447 43,844 147,291		103,447 43,844 147,291		103,447 43,844 147,291	- - -
Total School Fund	\$_	26,097,747	\$_	26,097,747	\$_	25,209,413	\$ 888,334
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$_	26,097,747	\$	26,097,747	\$_	25,209,413	\$ 888,334





COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA

Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Interest on Long- Term Debt Total	1,565,175 \$ 23,239,971 1,499,320 24,925,625		1,492,985 26,850,792	1,404,206 27,363,088	1,472,808 27,431,774	1,502,603 29,439,461	1,373,603 29,938,683	968,301 31,080,986	866,705 30,182,635
Community Coment To	1,122,651 \$ 1,251,149	1,260,873	1,235,328	830,793	724,030	812,186	1,411,994	928,029	773,915
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	551,912 \$ 523,915	983,322	548,156	550,664	565,713	599,470	534,768	565,861	568,093
Education	11,133,456 \$	12,706,379	13,777,084	13,861,510	14,266,695	15,227,323	14,983,417	16,169,175	15,784,538
Health and Welfare	2,213,279 \$ 1,830,272 \$ 11,133,456 \$ 1,905,872 2,188,578 11,900,846	2,274,350	2,055,329	2,586,290	2,356,458	2,272,554	2,418,330	2,506,489	2,366,870
Public Works	2,213,279 \$ 1,905,872	1,980,213	2,112,615	2,448,517	2,067,363	2,215,956	2,068,094	2,121,760	2,051,142
Public Safety	631,862 \$ 2,759,162 \$ 753,367 3,287,580	3,633,406	3,136,604	3,374,456	3,373,814	4,131,423	4,204,470	5,037,123	5,130,442
Judicial	631,862 \$ 753,367	750,073	714,904	691,588	666,374	692,589	725,905	760,170	709,914
General Government Administration	1,432,202 \$	1,879,166	1,777,787	1,615,064	1,938,519	1,985,357	2,218,102	2,024,078	1,931,016
Fiscal (2006 \$	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Primary Government's Governmental Activities only

COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA

Government-Wide Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	F 	lotal	23,321,498	24,240,851	29,803,302	29,669,553	29,862,228	30,324,680	32,505,285	32,148,212	32,705,569	33,548,338
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific	Programs	2,105,442 \$	2,058,042	1,923,332	1,946,684	1,900,031	2,670,871	2,395,975	2,526,847	2,458,708	2,412,973
S		laneous	301,915 \$	58,374	216,226	136,135	169,732	84,056	066'89	120,335	80,201	71,605
GENERAL REVENUES	Use of Money and	Property	544,498 \$	739,478	535,958	264,340	180,395	331,077	154,369	110,011	125,442	59,213
GEN	Other Local	laxes	3,464,371 \$	3,551,448	3,776,293	3,612,363	3,867,866	3,496,429	3,610,714	3,912,469	4,022,028	4,256,941
	General Property	laxes	12,879,059 \$	13,654,498	16,116,702	18,681,477	18,800,138	19,270,265	20,120,918	21,421,597	21,779,423	22,191,371
PROGRAM REVENUES	Capital Grants and	Contributions	291,992 \$	140,524	3,095,040	1,212,338	931,093	509,872	2,753,439	655,166	431,654	753,001
		Contributions	2,798,169 \$	3,141,611	3,301,632	2,978,055	3,183,247	2,979,948	2,659,104	2,721,650	2,924,866	2,868,264
PRC		Services	936,052 \$	896,876	838,119	838,161	829,726	982,162	741,776	680,137	883,247	934,970
		 	↔									
	Fiscal	rear	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2014

(1) Primary Government's Governmental Activities only

COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	35,629,150	37,102,072	40,338,756	40,736,287	40,592,338	41,674,148	42,416,166	43,328,845	44,072,620	45,586,189
Inter-	governmental	\$ 066,180,61	17,076,773	17,883,642	15,891,311	15,945,385	15,906,458	16,549,968	15,399,851	15,322,742	16,099,840
Þ		411,339 \$	458,634	520,374	789,033	639,925	715,060	640,168	774,339	1,078,722	979,519
Miscel-	laneous	591,632 \$	362,870	442,172	437,519	409,099	341,485	403,542	471,690	321,102	361,098
Charges for	Services	\$ 669'/96	1,149,394	934,725	838,092	711,513	711,271	677,916	675,143	683,538	709,735
Revenues from the Use of Money &	Property	544,808 \$	744,056	542,196	264,942	180,510	331,246	154,542	110,098	125,478	59,237
Fines &	Forfeitures	102,747 \$	75,834	59,473	179,627	301,608	358,244	237,993	278,688	436,296	367,860
		444,230 \$	322,328	313,533	276,174	171,420	243,522	177,207	176,921	188,116	289,183
	Taxes	3,464,371 \$	3,551,448	3,776,293	3,566,133	3,651,556	3,538,978	3,610,714	3,912,469	4,022,028	4,256,941
General Property	Taxes	2006 \$ 13,080,374 \$ 3,464,371 \$	13,360,735	15,866,348	18,493,456	18,581,322	19,527,884	19,964,116	21,529,646	21,894,598	22,462,776
Fiscal	Year	\$ 9007	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds, and Component Unit School Board.

COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	35,738,386	38,342,566	42,632,053	40,313,649	42,542,694	41,707,130	42,573,266	42,153,733	44,190,749	43,584,827
Debt Service	3,354,562 \$ 35,738,386	3,383,580	3,469,550	3,368,077	3,305,908	3,252,478	4,083,263	3,429,231	3,309,774	3,407,600
Capital Projects	1,001,588 \$	956,411	2,765,619	1,705,948	4,775,336	3,805,237	3,011,998	1,463,724	2,593,285	2,368,313
Nondepart- mental	→	1	1	1	97,360	119,572	62,459	87,166	65,419	84,208
	714,483 \$ 1,196,540 \$	1,270,625	1,272,646	1,256,028	734,577	742,872	941,321	1,502,758	789,983	771,534
Recreation Community and Develop- Cultural ment		481,057	1,094,156	534,228	428,721	437,357	448,611	465,924	459,772	468,588
Education (2)	816,350 \$ 20,941,942 \$	22,634,587	23,311,305	23,563,538	22,960,454	23,206,251	23,717,607	23,920,947	25,079,440	25,064,722
Health and Welfare	1,816,350 \$	2,174,308	2,333,862	2,162,372	2,625,881	2,400,582	2,326,951	2,446,824	2,517,465	2,502,319
Public Works	2006 \$ 1,377,453 \$ 625,426 \$ 2,767,839 \$ 1,942,203 \$ 1,8	1,886,045	2,030,006	1,859,280	1,580,185	1,512,532	1,701,133	1,766,078	2,057,624	1,835,938
Public Safety	2,767,839 \$	3,319,272	3,787,098	3,490,000	3,854,484	3,760,748	3,902,854	4,452,145	4,838,651	4,715,943
Judicial Admini- stration	625,426 \$	747,594	753,803	715,250	705,391	666,374	692,589	733,316	757,806	731,991
General Admini- stration	1,377,453 \$	1,489,087	1,814,008	1,658,928	1,474,397	1,803,127	1,684,480	1,885,620	1,721,530	1,633,671
Fiscal Year	2006 \$	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds, and Component Unit School Board. (2) Does not include appropriation from primary government to School Board.

COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	11.74%	13.21%	12.70%	11.21%	11.51%	11.74%	12.27%	11.27%	11.34%	10.02%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	1,452,213	1,734,181	1,964,747	2,055,591	2,340,974	2,390,679	2,595,800	2,520,749	2,603,797	2,350,671
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	103.59% \$	99.93%	100.84%	99.40%	98.59%	102.47%	100.95%	102.24%	101.19%	101.47%
Total Tax Collections	12,815,103	13,118,192	15,606,894	18,220,861	20,059,684	20,861,196	21,348,084	22,873,189	23,228,701	23,809,451
Delinquent (1) Tax Collections	776,181 \$	538,403	859,787	760,255	675,464	1,275,961	883,820	040'096	878,931	889,526
Percent of Levy Collected	97.32% \$	95.82%	95.29%	95.26%	95.27%	96.20%	%11%	97.95%	97.36%	%89'.26
Current Tax (1) Collections	12,038,922	12,579,789	14,747,107	17,460,606	19,384,220	19,585,235	20,464,264	21,912,219	22,349,770	22,919,925
Total (1) (2) Tax Levy	* 12,370,699 \$ 12,038,922	13,128,010	15,476,228	18,330,136	20,346,994	20,358,566	21,147,999	22,371,562	22,955,321	23,464,205
Fiscal Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

installment is June 5. The tax levy includes the second half of the prior year Real estate taxes are collected in installments. The due date of the first half and first half of the current year real estate tax levies. (1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.(2) Real estate taxes are collected in in

COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Year		Real Estate	Personal Property	Mobile Homes	Machinery & Tools	Public Utility	Total
2006	↔	1,446,732,528 \$	119,346,836 \$	5,518,958 \$	1,091,610 \$	61,254,854 \$	1,633,944,786
2007		1,507,991,734	115,041,842	5,524,702	1,092,641	42,262,807	1,671,913,726
2008		2,845,613,076	123,677,866	5,389,338	1,116,973	42,226,210	3,018,023,463
2009		2,892,345,140	124,217,409	5,383,546	405,780	90,039,734	3,112,391,609
2010		2,897,808,640	131,092,255	5,375,658	429,315	95,139,502	3,129,845,370
2011		2,893,059,995	131,627,375	5,401,696	398,183	99,695,437	3,130,182,686
2012		2,899,427,265	133,865,528	5,371,407	456,903	99,614,737	3,138,735,840
2013		2,936,646,420	140,682,862	5,252,401	674,898	103,528,974	3,186,785,555
2014		2,698,994,105	147,214,790	4,769,312	901,110	102,178,904	2,954,058,221
2015		2,439,972,005	149,988,448	4,460,160	1,021,923	104,274,278	2,699,716,814

Note:

Includes only the assessed values, as adjusted for supplements and abatements as of the tax year indicated.

Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Machinery and Tools	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
Mobile Homes	0.72	0.72	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	.557.60	09.0	0.60/.72	0.72
Personal Property	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.95/3.45	3.45
Real Estate	0.72	0.72	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	.557.60	09.0	0.60/.72	0.72
Tax Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value

COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Net	Bonded	Debt per	Capita	2,090	2,056	1,982	1,879	1,979	2,084	2,143	2,022	1,939	1,776
Ratio of Net	General	Obligation	Debt to	Assessed	Value	1.85%	1.86%	1.00%	0.92%	%96.0	1.01%	1.04%	%96.0	0.97%	0.97%
			Net	Bonded	Debt	30,184,700	31,178,304	30,041,693	28,486,506	30,010,227	31,598,761	32,496,317	30,656,196	28,677,466	26,270,402
	Less:	Debt	Service	Monies	Available	1,276,323	1,490,684	1,328,085	1,301,739	1,322,904	1,613,157	•	•		ı
		•	Gross	Bonded	Debt (3)	31,461,023	32,668,988	31,369,778	29,788,245	31,333,131	33,211,918	32,496,317	30,656,196	28,677,466	26,270,402
			Assessed	Value	(2)	1,633,944,786	1,671,913,726	3,018,023,463	3,112,391,609	3,129,845,370	3,130,182,686	3,138,735,840	3,186,785,555	2,954,058,221	2,699,716,814
				Popu-	lation (1)	14,445	15,161	15,161	15,161	15,161	15,161	15,161	15,161	14,789	14,789
				Fiscal	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) U.S. Bureau of the Census

(2) From Table 6

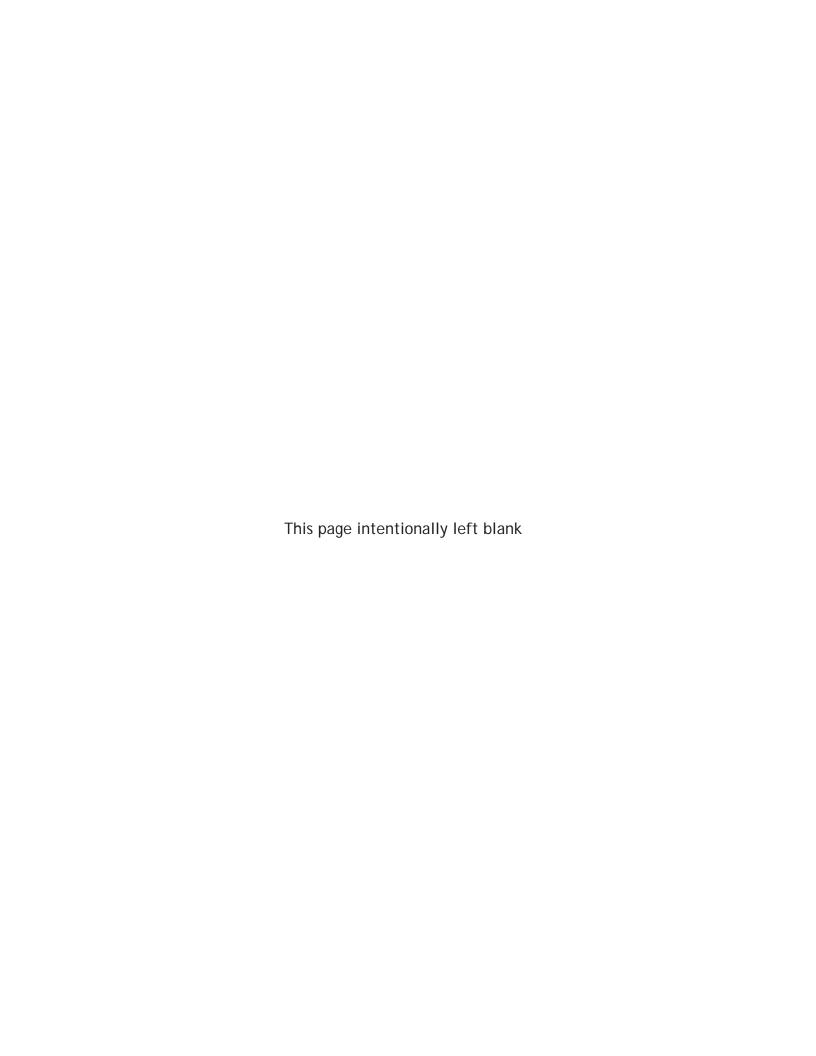
School Board. Excludes capital leases, compensated absences, accrued landfill costs and debt on the Piney anticipation loans and retirement incentive obligations of the primary government and Component Unit (3) Includes long-term general obligation bonded debt, Literary Fund loans, lease revenue bonds, bond River Water & Sewer Enterprise fund.

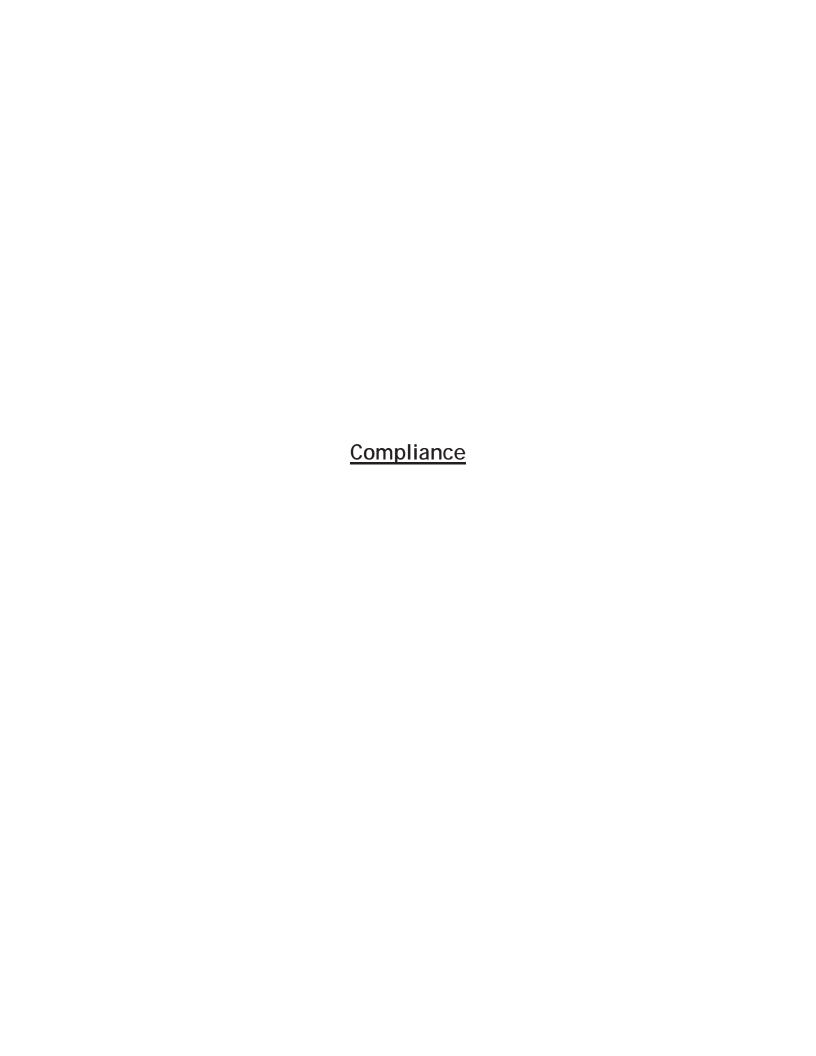
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

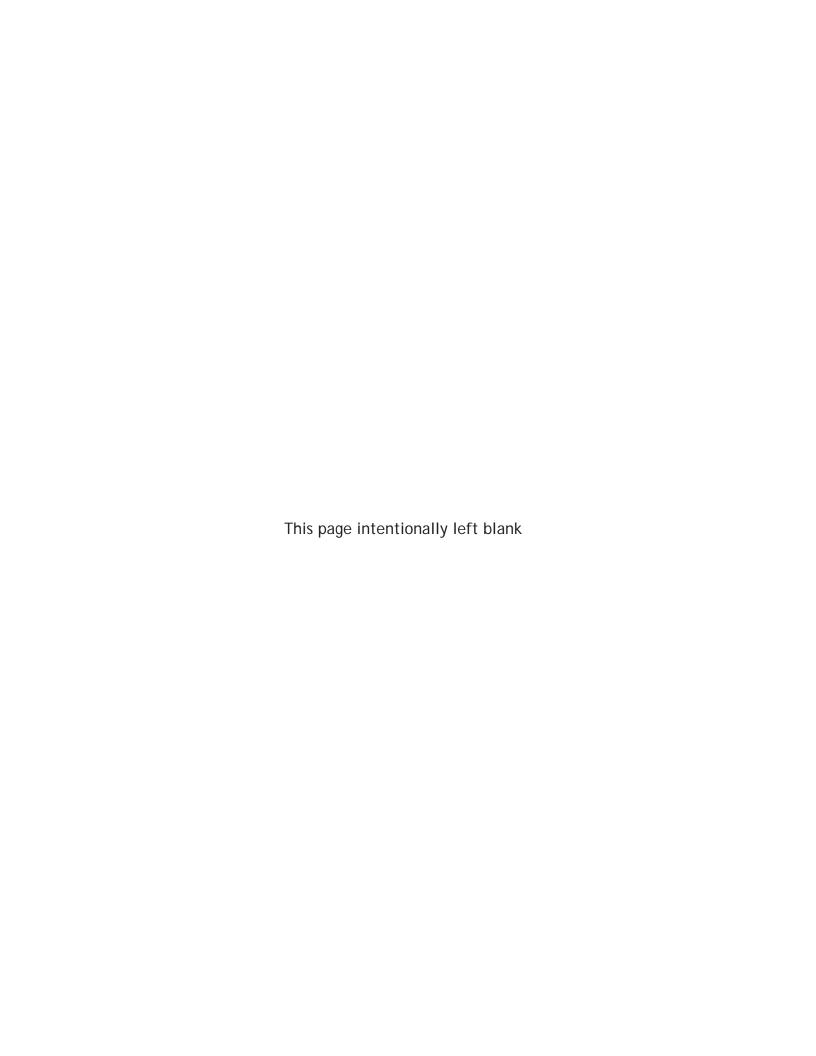
Ratio of Debt Service to General	Governmental	7.55%	7.08%	7.18%	7.50%	7.24%	7.80%	6.59%	8.14%	7.49%	7.48%
Total General	Governmental Expenditures (1)	35,738,386	38,342,566	42,632,053	40,313,649	42,542,694	41,707,130	42,573,266	42,153,733	44,190,749	43,584,827
Total	Debt Service	2,699,909 \$	2,714,468	3,061,196	3,024,738	3,079,938	3,252,478	4,083,263	3,429,231	3,309,774	3,260,309
	(2) Interest	1,549,909 \$	1,494,468	1,554,613	1,479,738	1,435,923	1,446,072	1,896,241	1,391,364	1,119,035	1,061,125
	(2) Principal	1,150,000 \$	1,220,000	1,506,583	1,545,000	1,644,015	1,806,406	2,187,022	2,037,867	2,190,739	2,199,184
		↔									
	Fiscal Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds, and Component Unit School Board.

does not include capital leases, early retirement incentive obligation, repayment of bond anticipation loans, (2) Includes lease revenue bonds, general obligation debt, and Literary Fund loans, exclusive of fiscal charges, or debt on the Enterprise Fund.







ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Supervisors of County of Nelson, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Nelson, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Nelson, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Nelson, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Nelson, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Nelson, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Nelson, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charlottesville, Virginia December 28, 2015

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Supervisors of County of Nelson, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Nelson, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Nelson Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. County of Nelson, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Nelson, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Nelson, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Nelson, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Nelson, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Nelson, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Nelson, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Nelson, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hobinson, Famul, Cox Associats Charlottesville, Virginia December 28, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Ex	Federal spenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:	02.557	0050100 /0050110	¢	221
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950109/0950110	\$	321
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.558 93.566	0400109/0400110 0500109/0500110		113,711 169
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600409/0600410		13,214
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the	93.300	00004097 0000410		13,214
Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760109/0760110		19,629
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900109/0900110		820
Stephanic Tubbs Sones office Werfare Services Trogram	73.043	07001077 0700110		020
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100109/1100110		40,986
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120109/1120110		22,237
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000109/1000110		79,608
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150108/9150109/9150110		658
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540109/0540110		3,792
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200109/1200110		124,673
· ·			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	419,818
Department of Agriculture:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Food Distribution (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	2013IN109941/2014IN109941	\$	56,860
Department of Education: National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	2013IN109941/2014IN109941		440,778
National School Eurich Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	201311110994172014111109941		497,638
				477,030
School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.553	2013IN109941/2014IN109941		136,915
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	10.665		3,882
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental				
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010109/0010110/0040109/0040110		105,287
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	743,722

COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	<u>E</u>	Federal xpenditures
Department of Justice:				
Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Service:				
Crime Victims Assistance	16.575	10VAGZ0095/11VAGX0001	\$	14,899
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	Not Available		29,327
Total Department of Justice			\$	44,226
Department of Transportation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles:				
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL1353100	\$	9,564
Department of Transportation:				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	Not Available		753,001
Department of Concernation and Regression:				
Department of Conservation and Recreation: Recreational Trails Program	20.219	Not Available		5,614
Total Department of Transportation			\$	768,179
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass-through payments:				
Department of Emergency Services:	07.007		•	4.045
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	Not Available	\$	1,845
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$	1,845
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A120046/S010A130046	\$	456,636
Special Education Grants to States (Special Education Cluster)	84.027	H027A120107/H027A130107	Φ	430,030
Special Education Preschool Grants (Special Education Cluster)	84.173	H173A120112/H173A130112		18,127
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A120046/V048A130046		35,519
Rural Education	84.358	Not Available		548
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	T365A120046/S365A130046		34,267
Advanced Placement Program	84.330	S330B130008		222
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A120044/S367A130044	_	91,177
Total Department of Education			\$	1,121,963
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	3,099,753

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Nelson, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Nelson, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Nelson, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:

General Fund	\$ 1,393,512
Total primary government	\$ 1,393,512
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 1,760,398
Total component unit school board	\$ 1,760,398
Less Payments in Lieu of Taxes not reported on Schedule of Expenditures	
of Federal Awards	\$ (54,157)
Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements	\$ 3,099,753
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures	
of Federal Awards	\$ 3,099,753

COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Signficant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Signficant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?

No

Identification of major programs:

	CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
	84.027/84.173	Special Education Cluster		
	20.205	Highway Planning and Construction		
Dollar thres	hold used to distinguis	h between Type A		
and Typ	e B programs:		\$	300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

COUNTY OF NELSON, VIRGINIA

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

There were no findings reported for the year ended June 30, 2014.

